

# ANATOMIE



29.09.2023

Dr. med. Philemon Grimm  
Oberarzt  
Schulter- / Ellbogenchirurgie

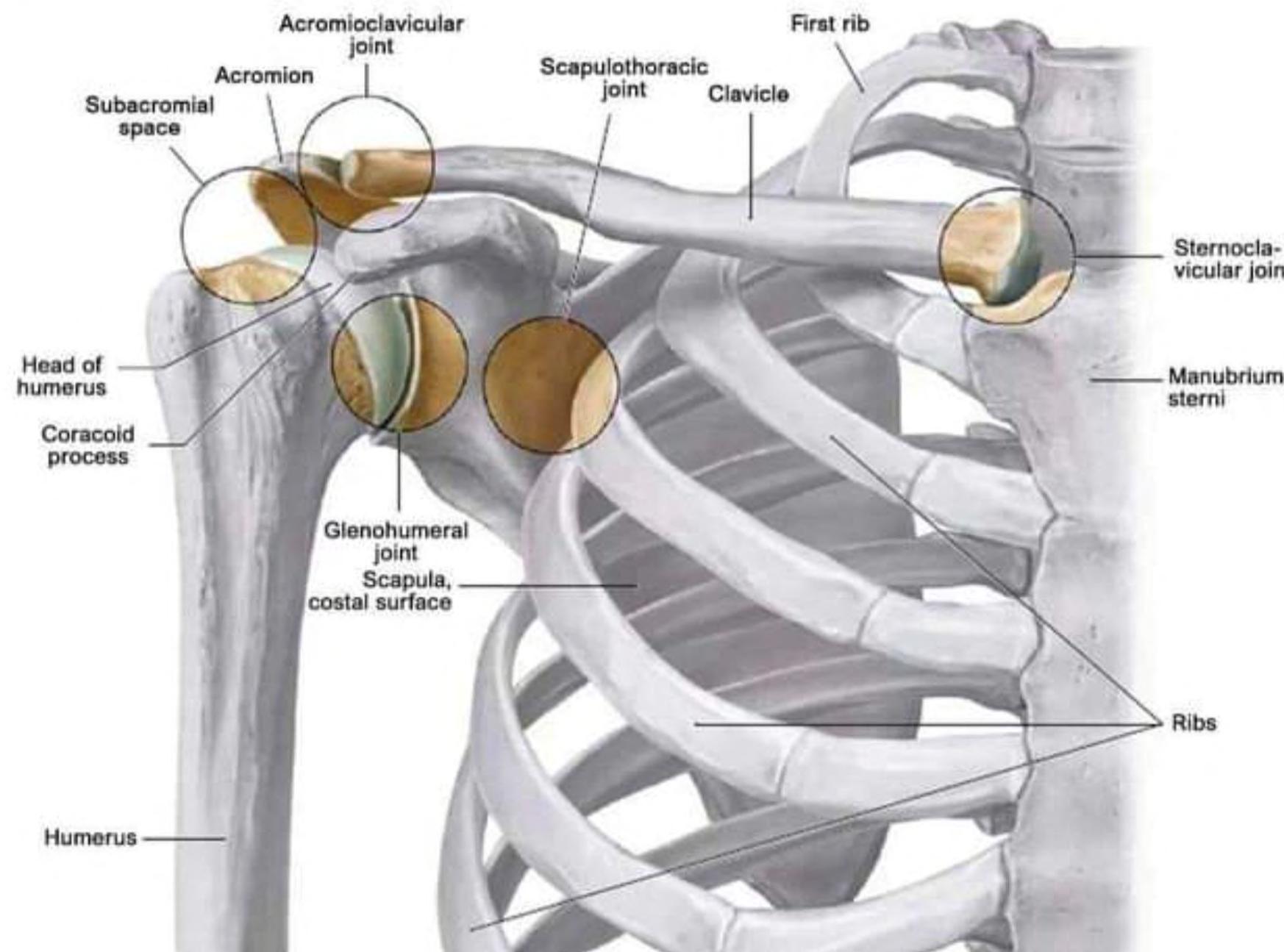


# Funktionelle Anatomie

## Gelenke des Schultergürtels

# THE 5 JOINTS OF THE SHOULDER

- Glenohumeralgelenk
- Acromioclaviculargelenk
- Sternoclaviculargelenk
- Skapulothorakales Gleitlager
- Subacromiales Gleitlager

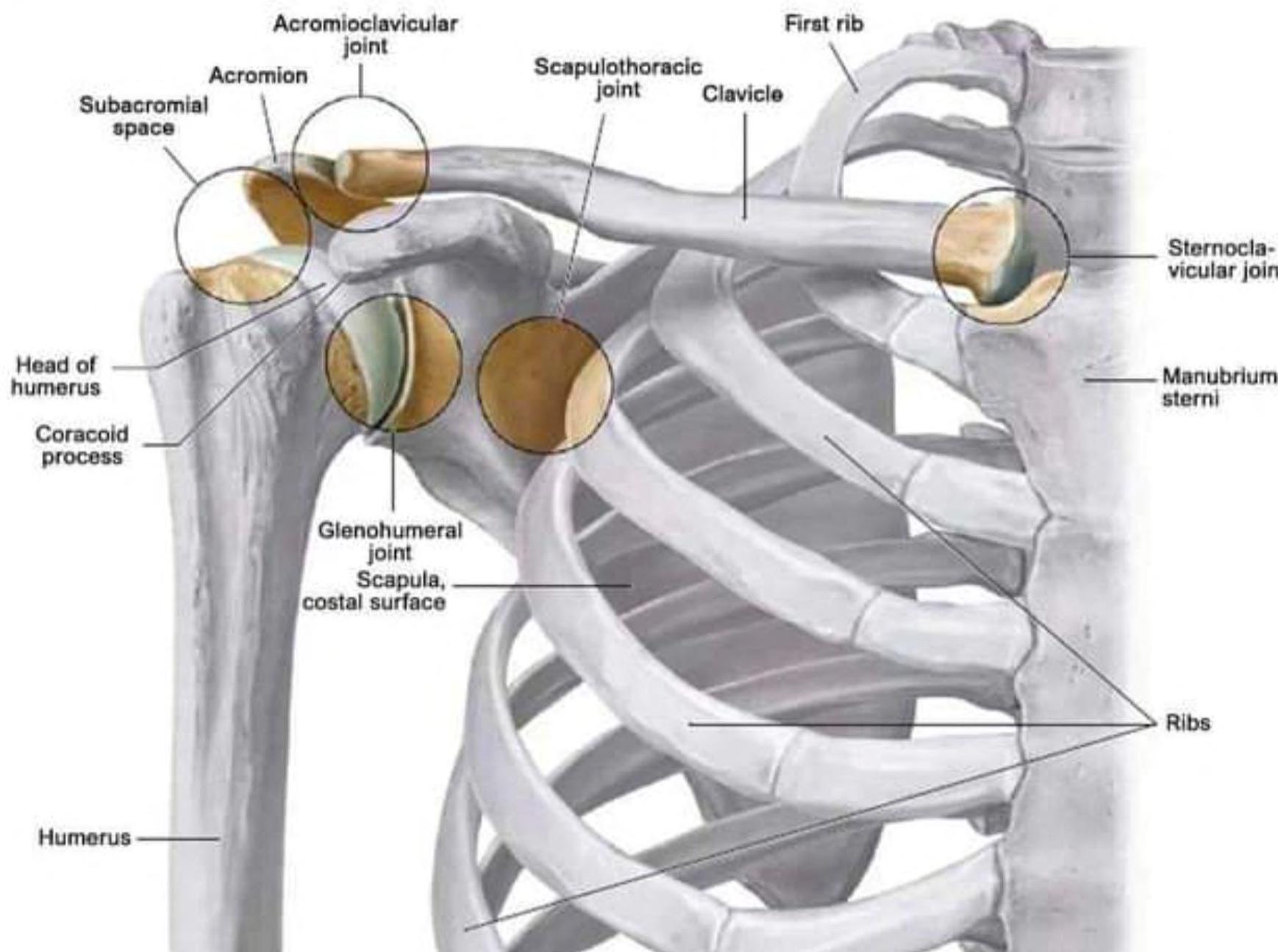


# Funktionelle Anatomie

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# THE 5 JOINTS OF THE SHOULDER

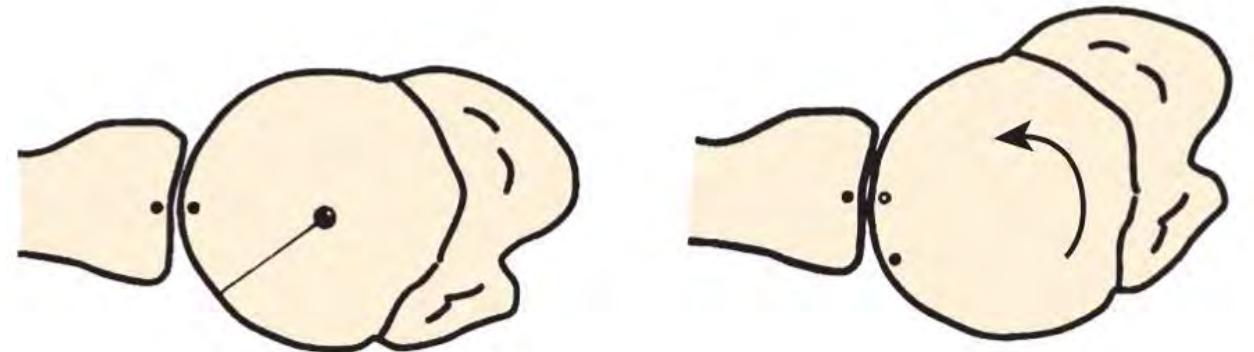
- Glenohumeralgelenk
- Acromioclaviculargelenk
- Sternoclaviculargelenk
- Skapulothorakales Gleitlager
- Subacromiales Gleitlager



# Glenohumeralgelenk

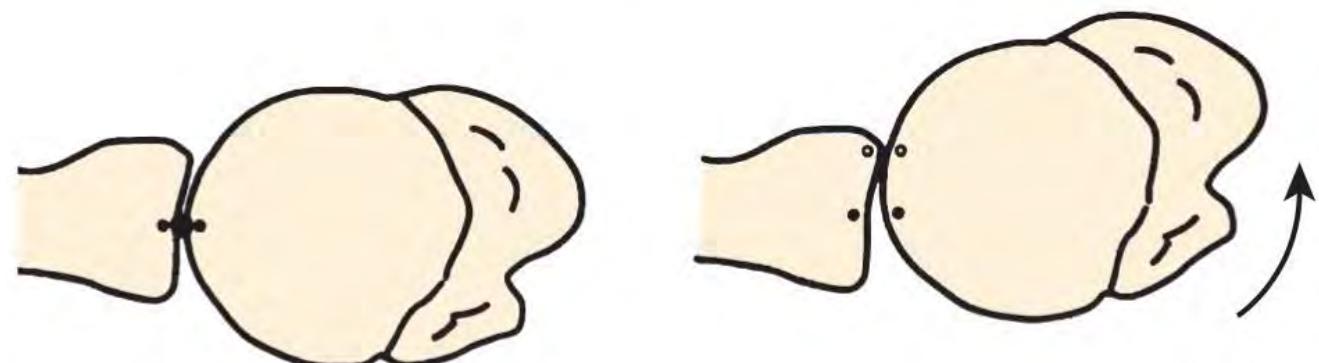
Kugel auf der Pfanne

- Rotation



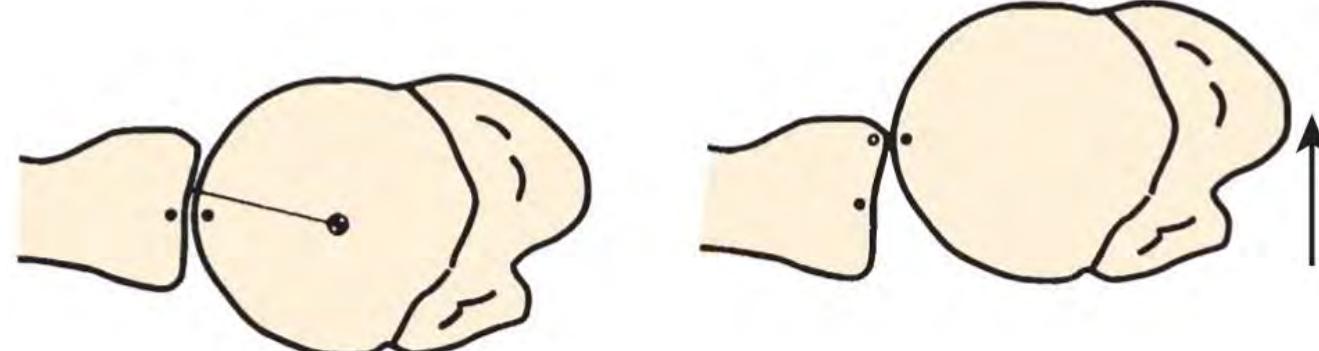
Spinning

- Rollen



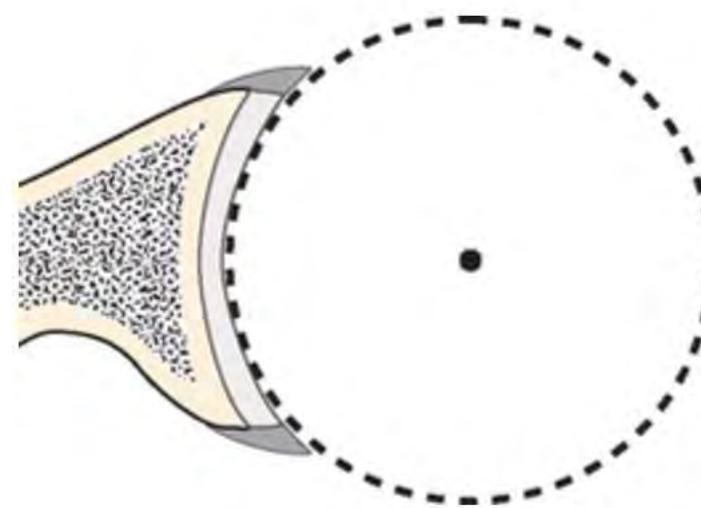
Rolling

- Translation



Sliding

1 : 4











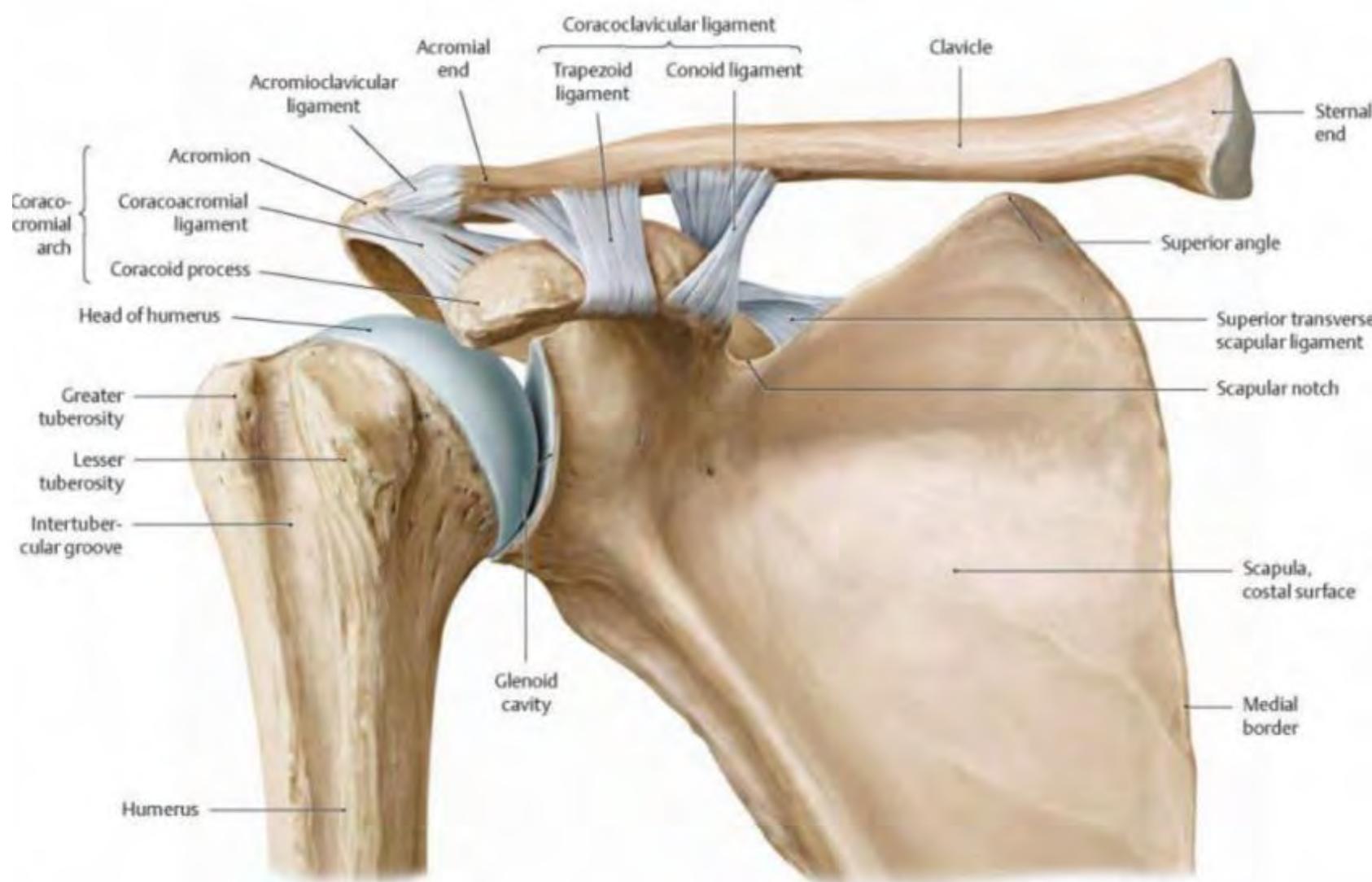
# Glenohumeralgelenk

statische vs dynamische Stabilisatoren



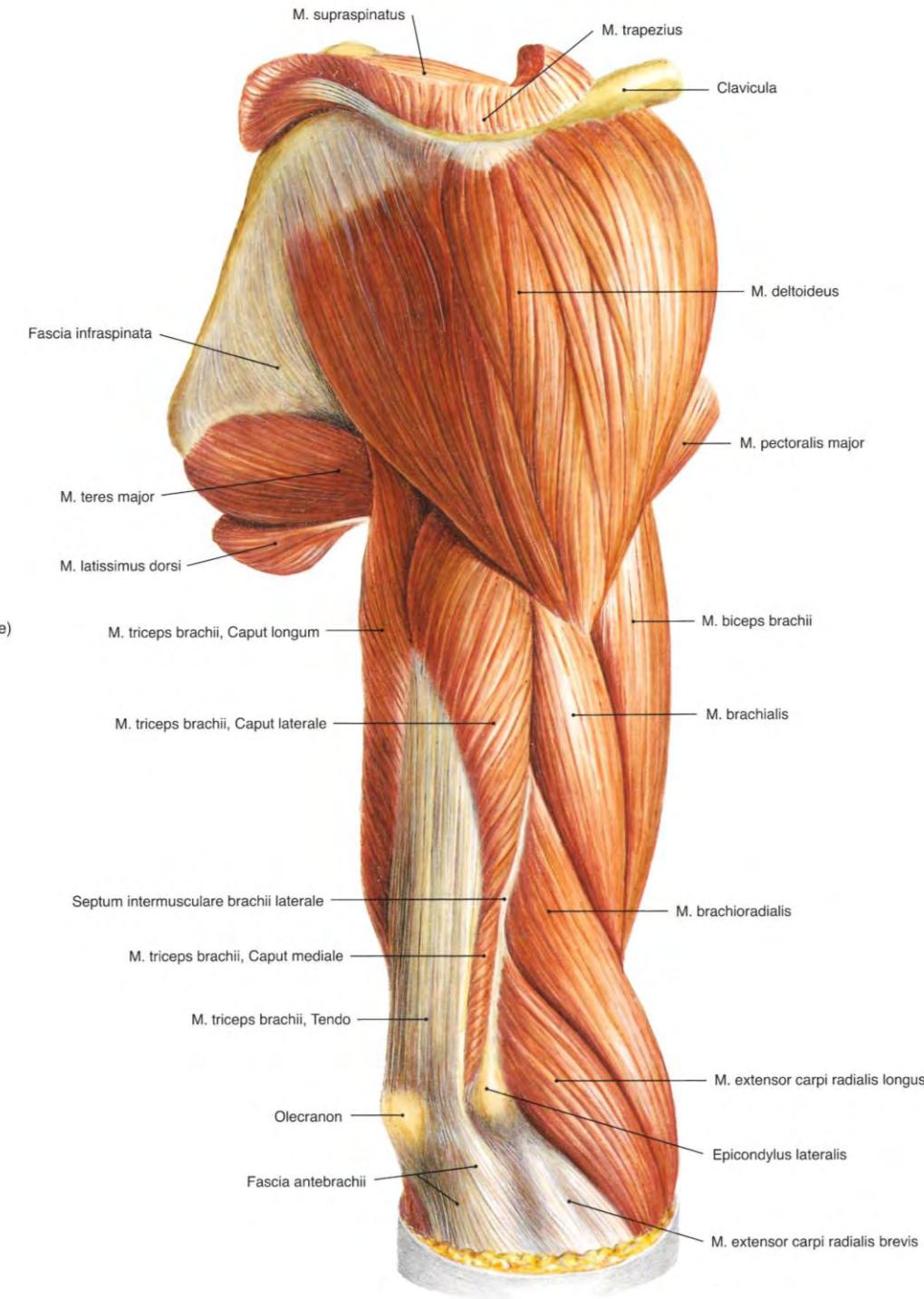
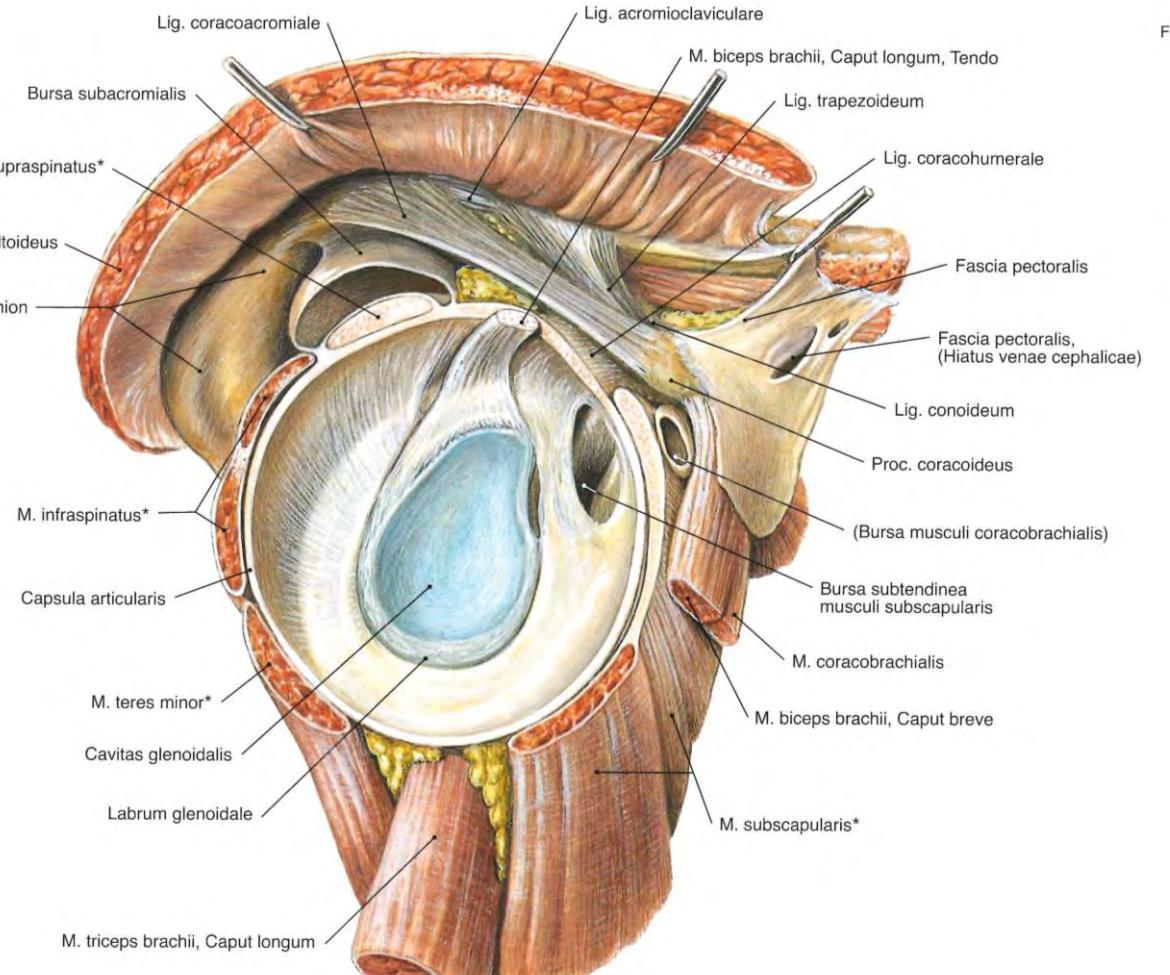
## Statisch

- ossäre Anatomie
- Labrum
- Gelenkkapsel & Ligamente



## Dynamisch

- Rotatorenmanschette
- Deltoides
- Bizeps

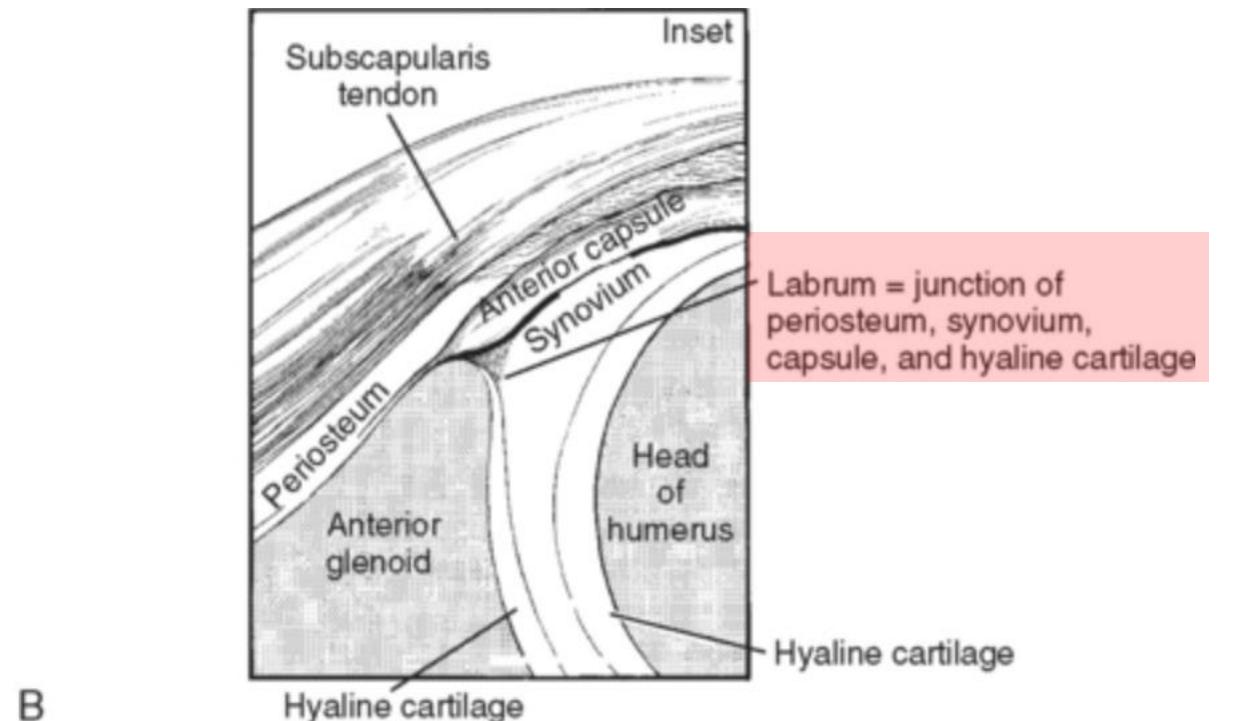
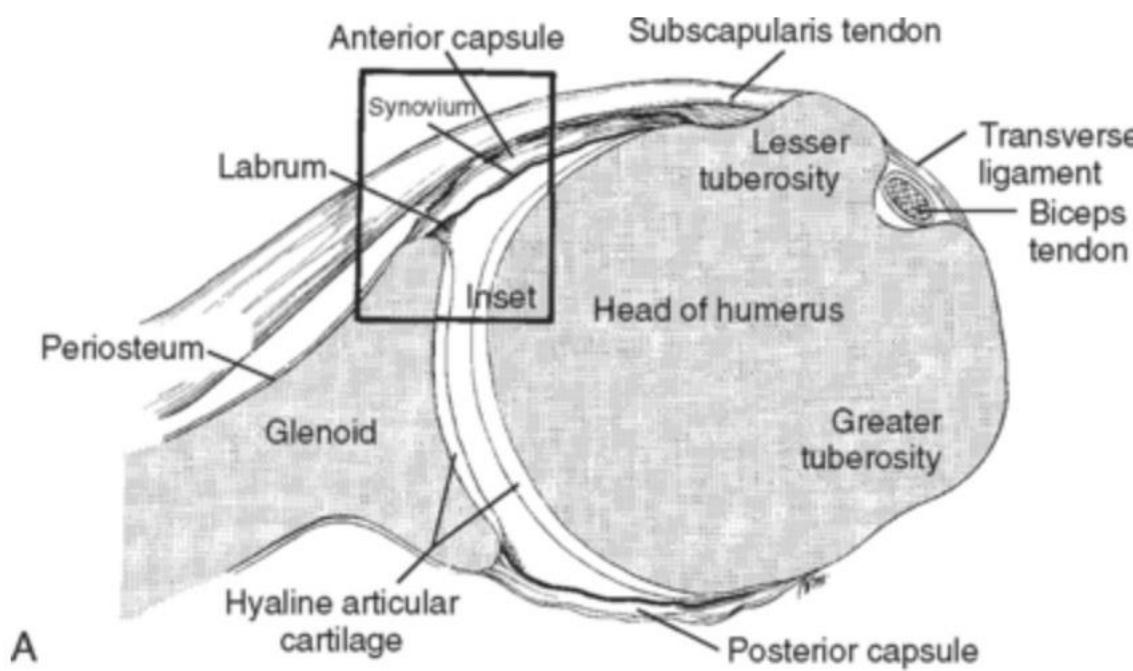
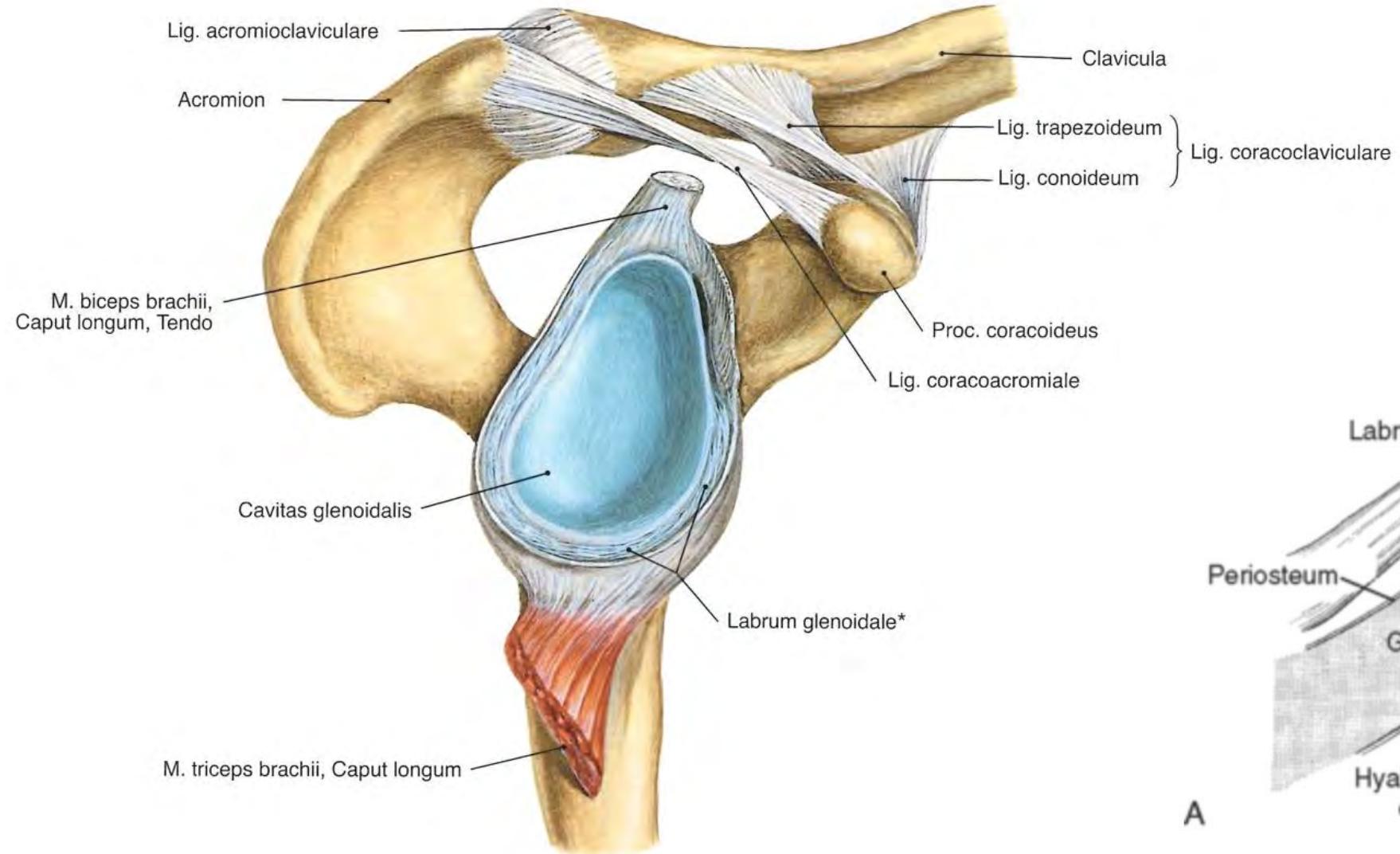


# Glenohumeralgelenk

## Statische Stabilisatoren



### Labrum

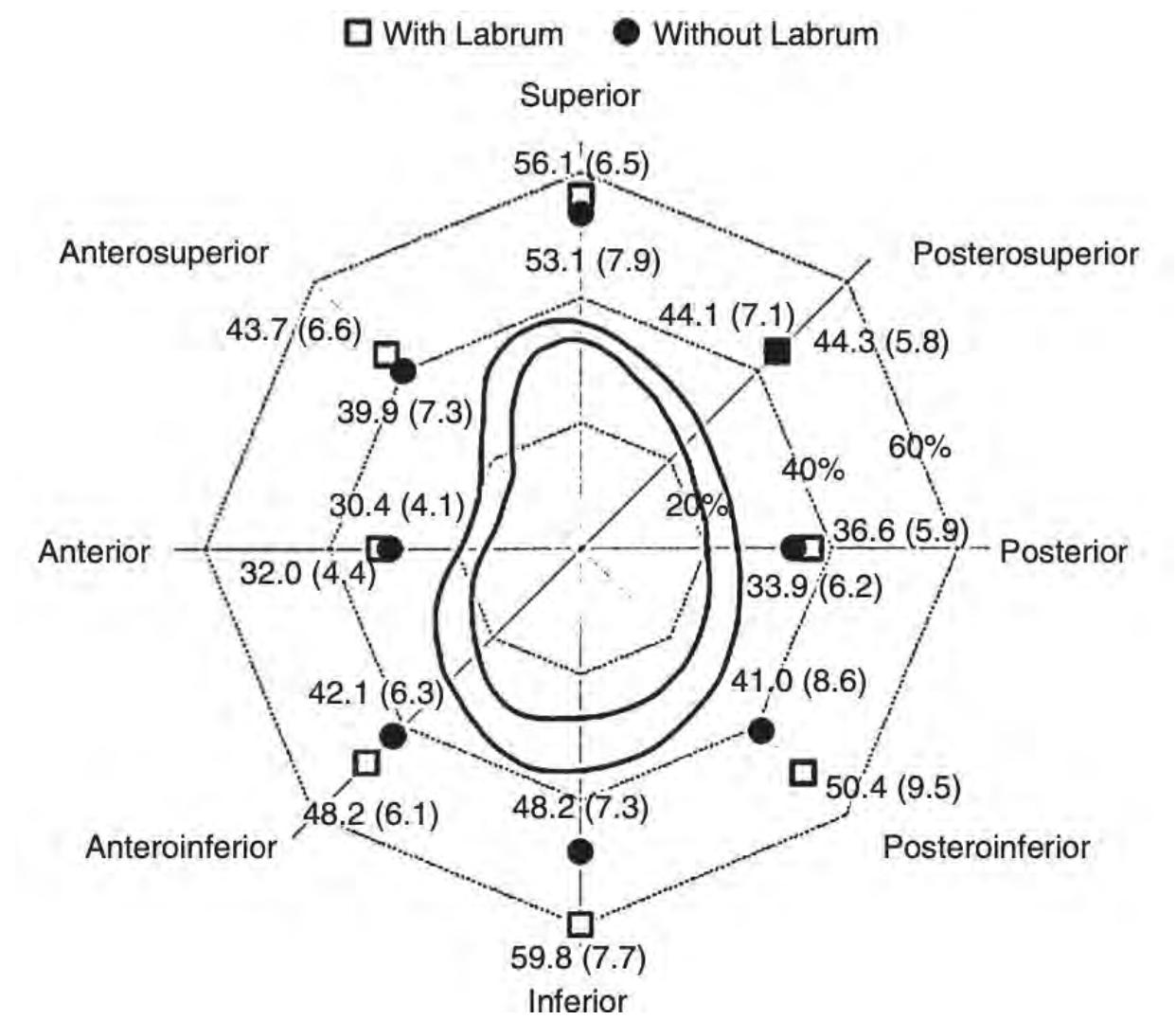
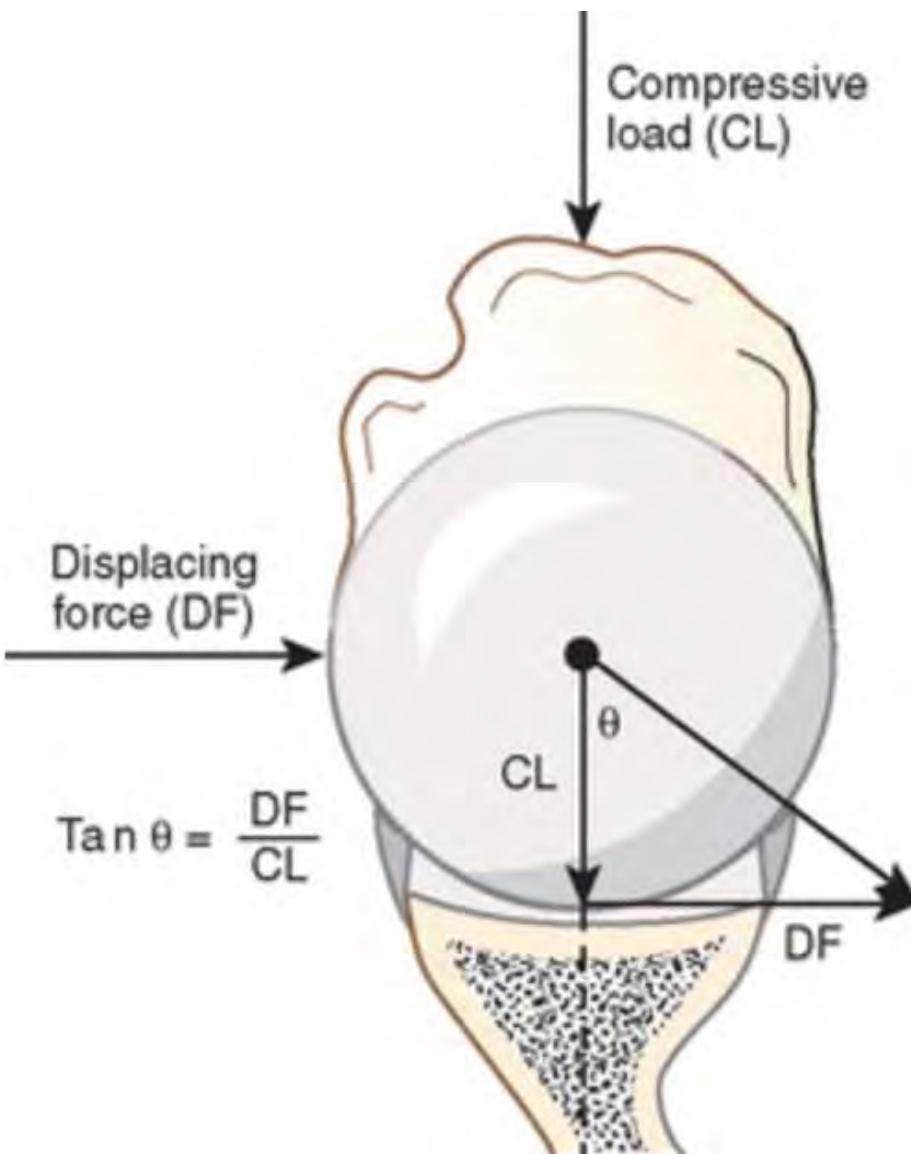
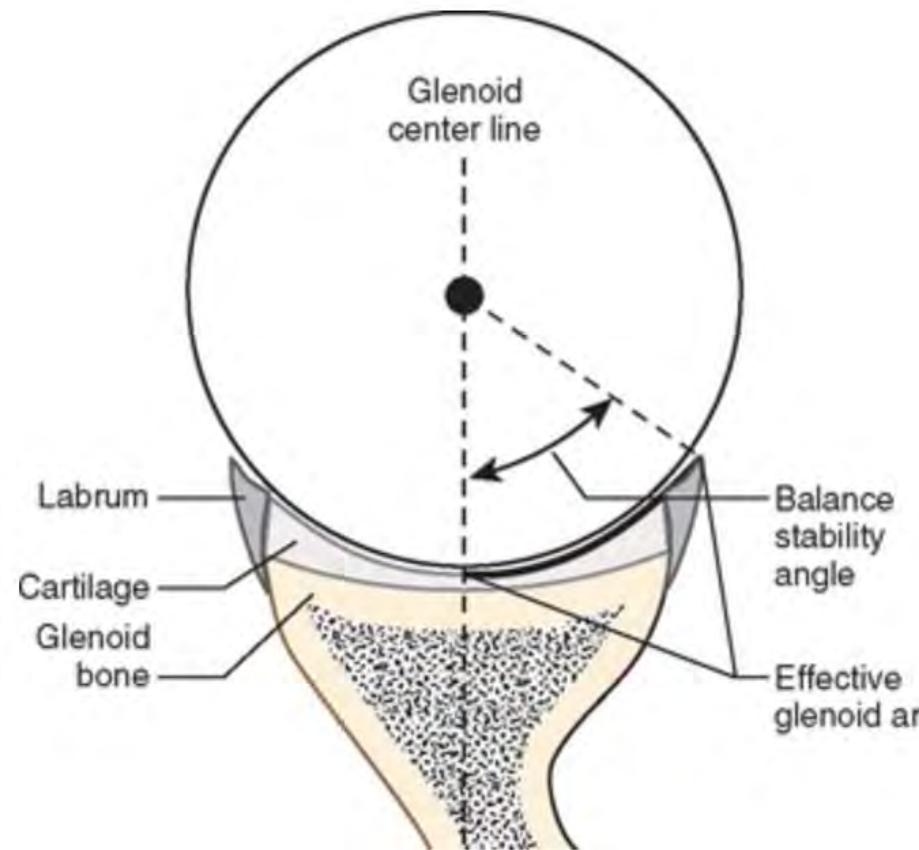


# Glenohumeralgelenk

## Statische Stabilisatoren



### Labrum

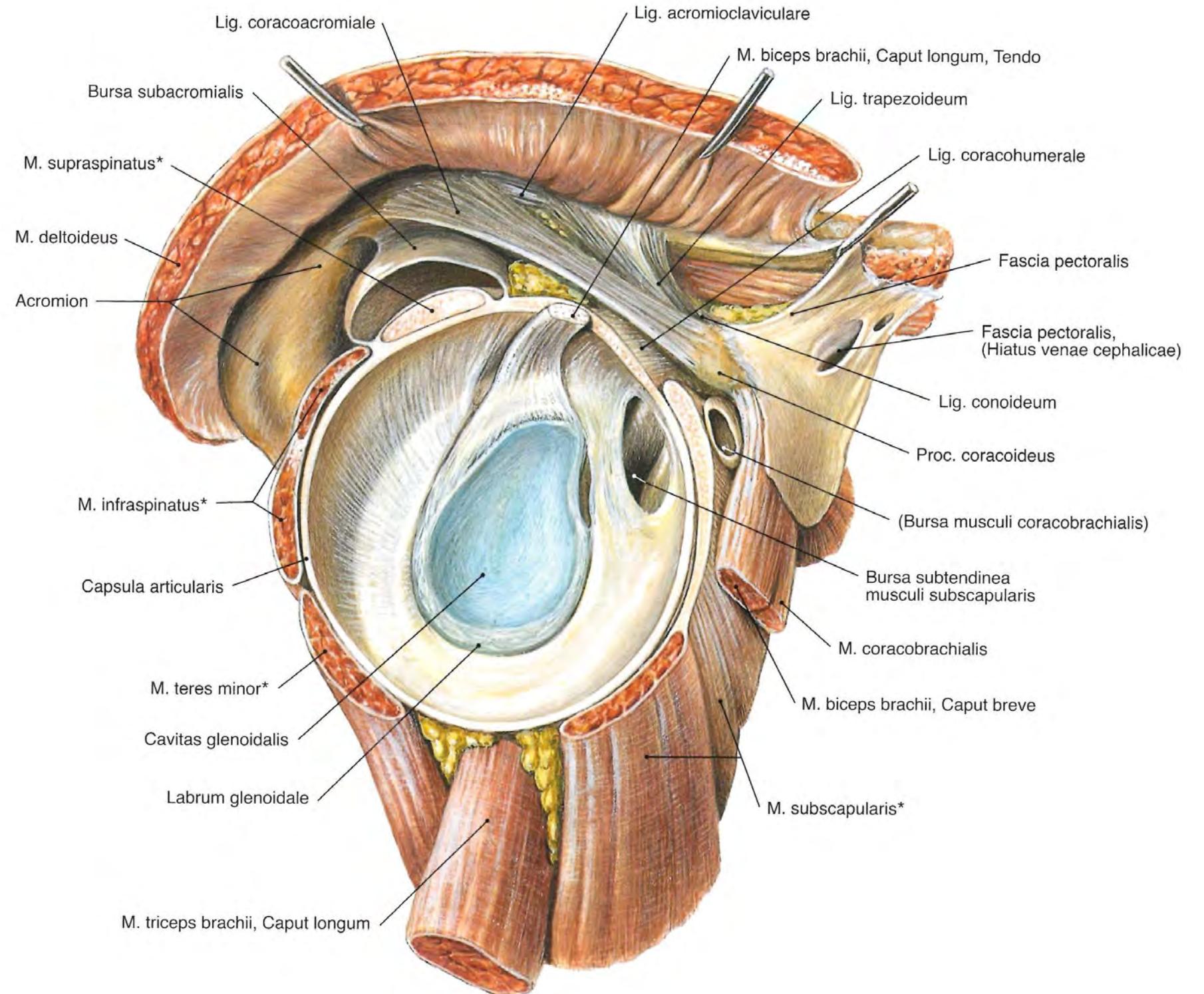
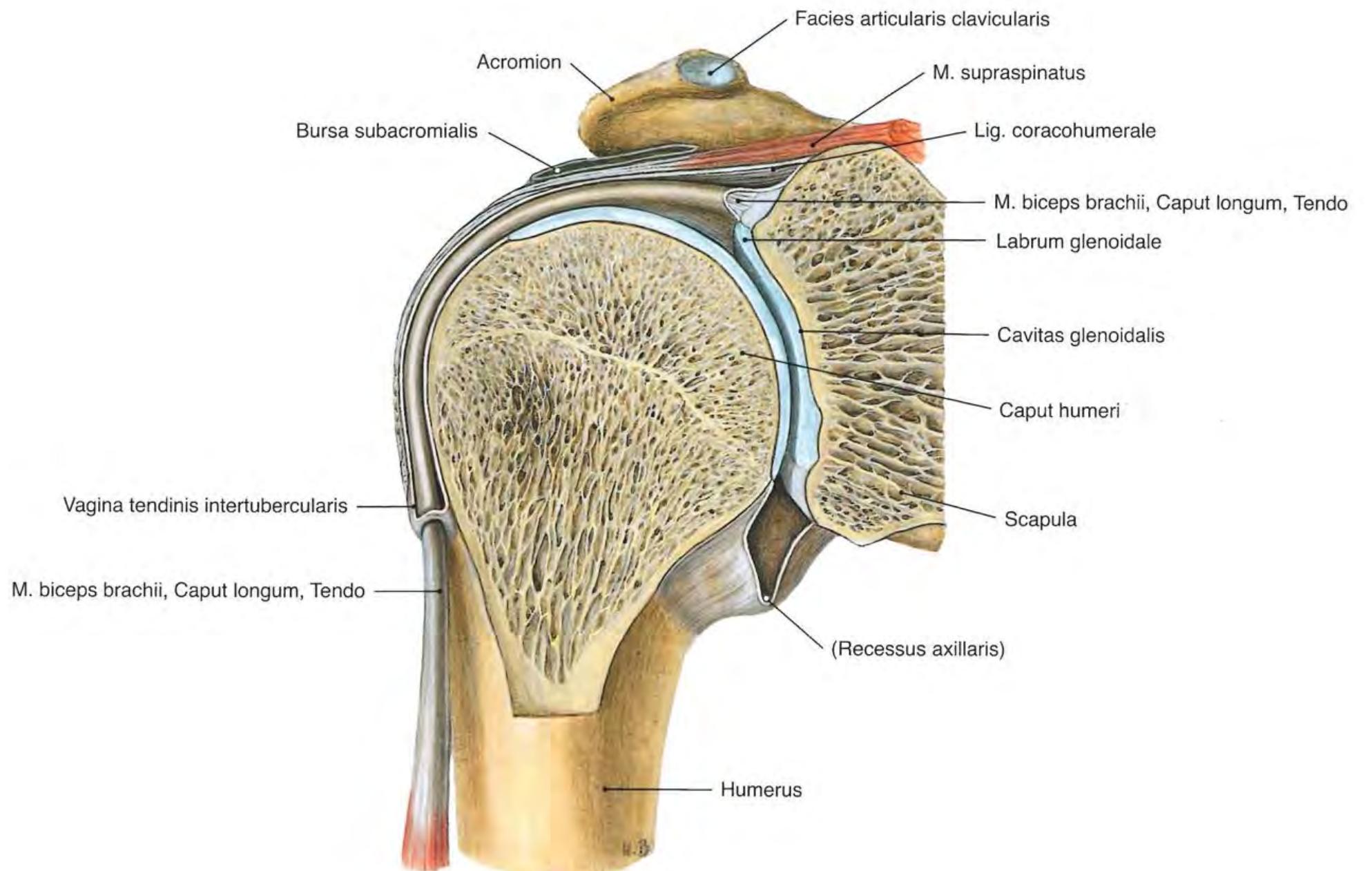


# Glenohumeralgelenk

## Statische Stabilisatoren



### Gelenkkapsel und Ligamente



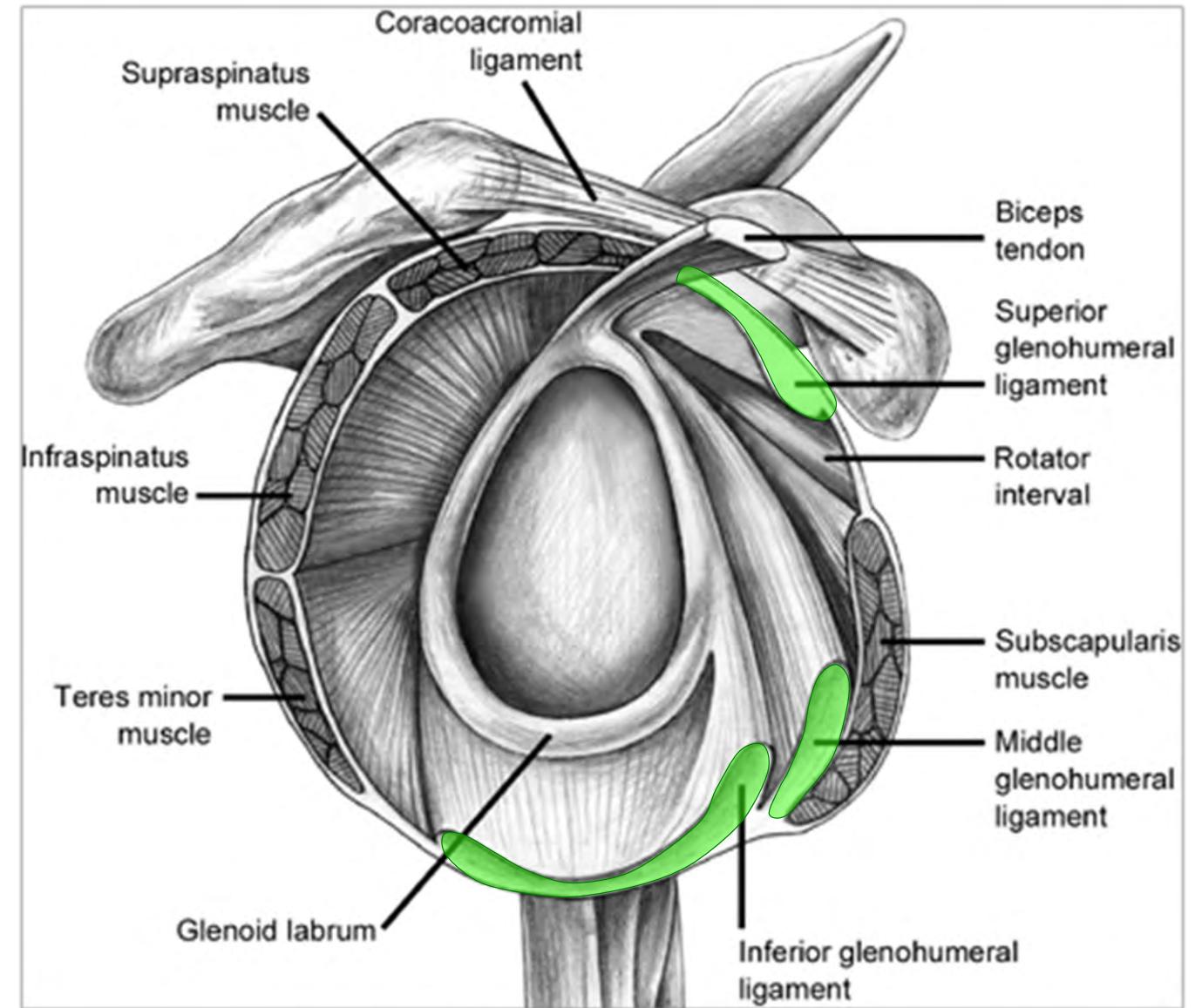
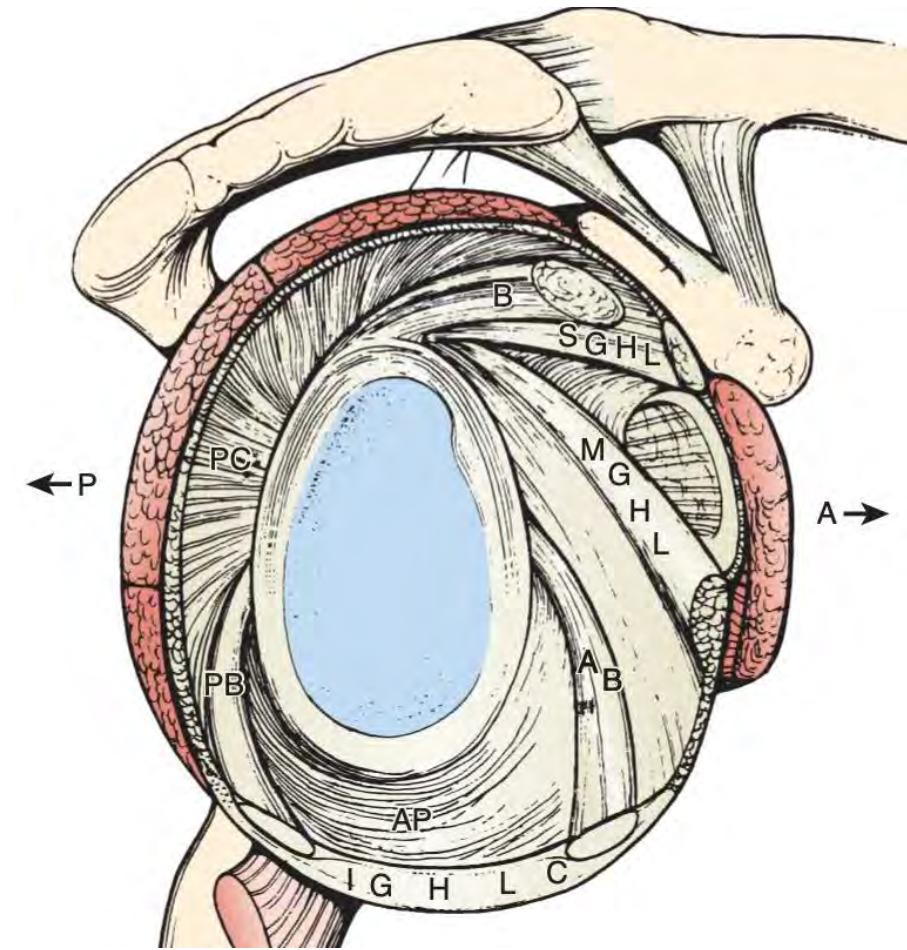
# Glenohumeralgelenk

## Statische Stabilisatoren



### Gelenkkapsel und Ligamente

- Superiores glenohumerale Ligament (SGHL)
  - Mittleres glenohumerale Ligament (MGHL)
  - Inferiores glenohumerale Ligament (IGHL)
    - anteriores Bündel
    - axillary pouch
    - posteriores Bündel
- } inferior glenohumeral ligament complex



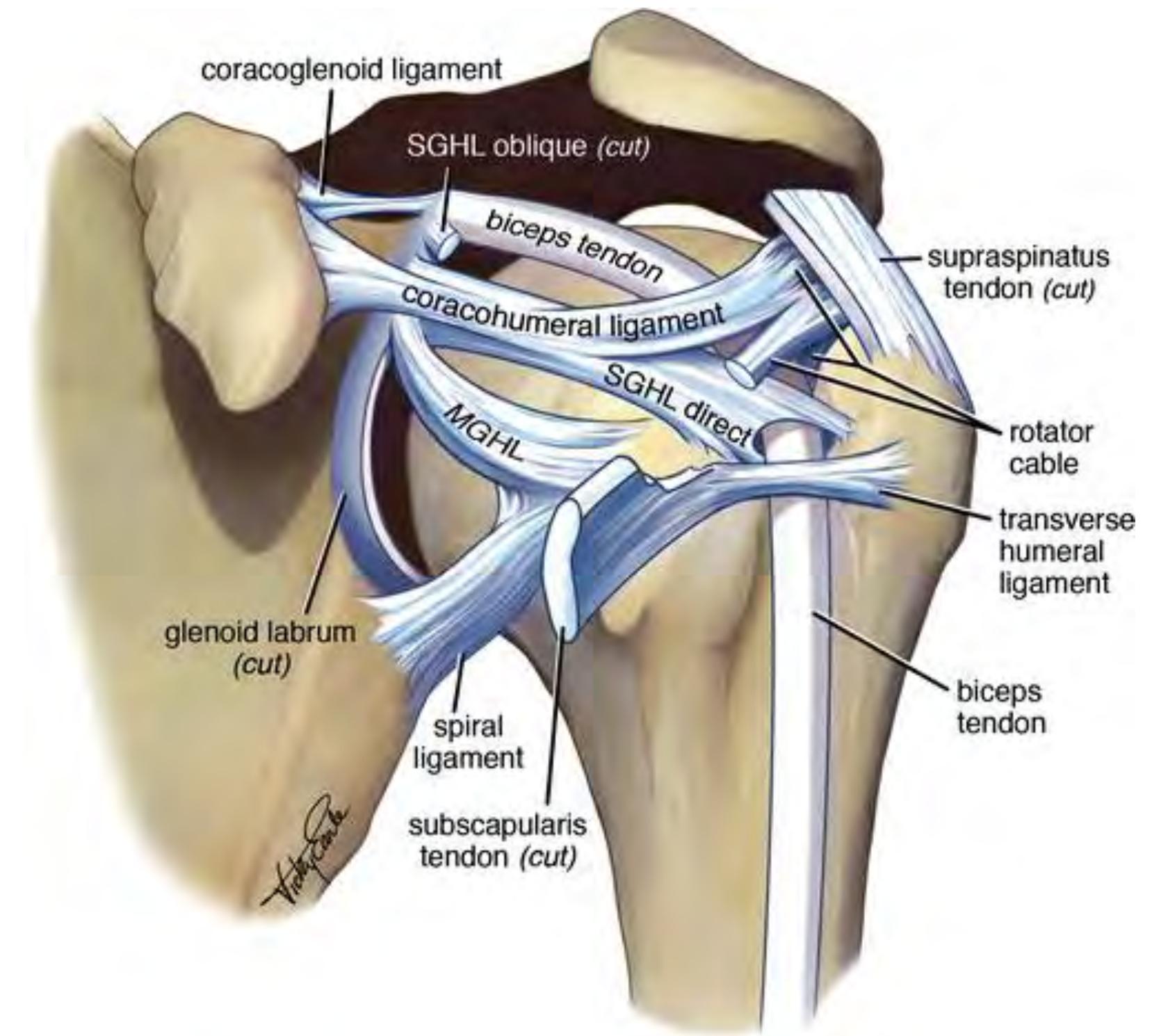
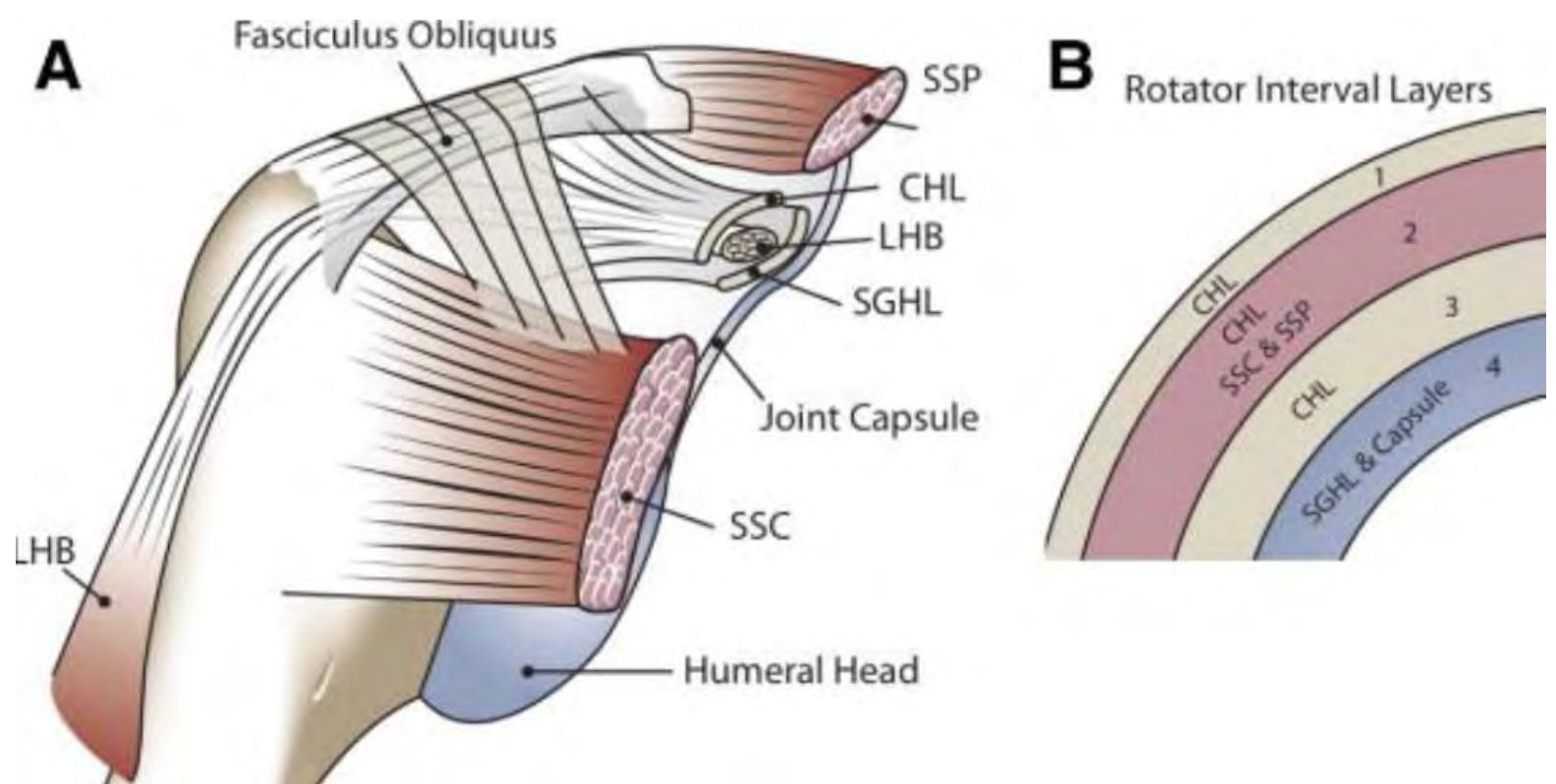
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## Statische Stabilisatoren



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  - anteriores Bündel
  - axillary pouch
  - posteriores Bündel
- Coracohumerales Ligament (CHL)



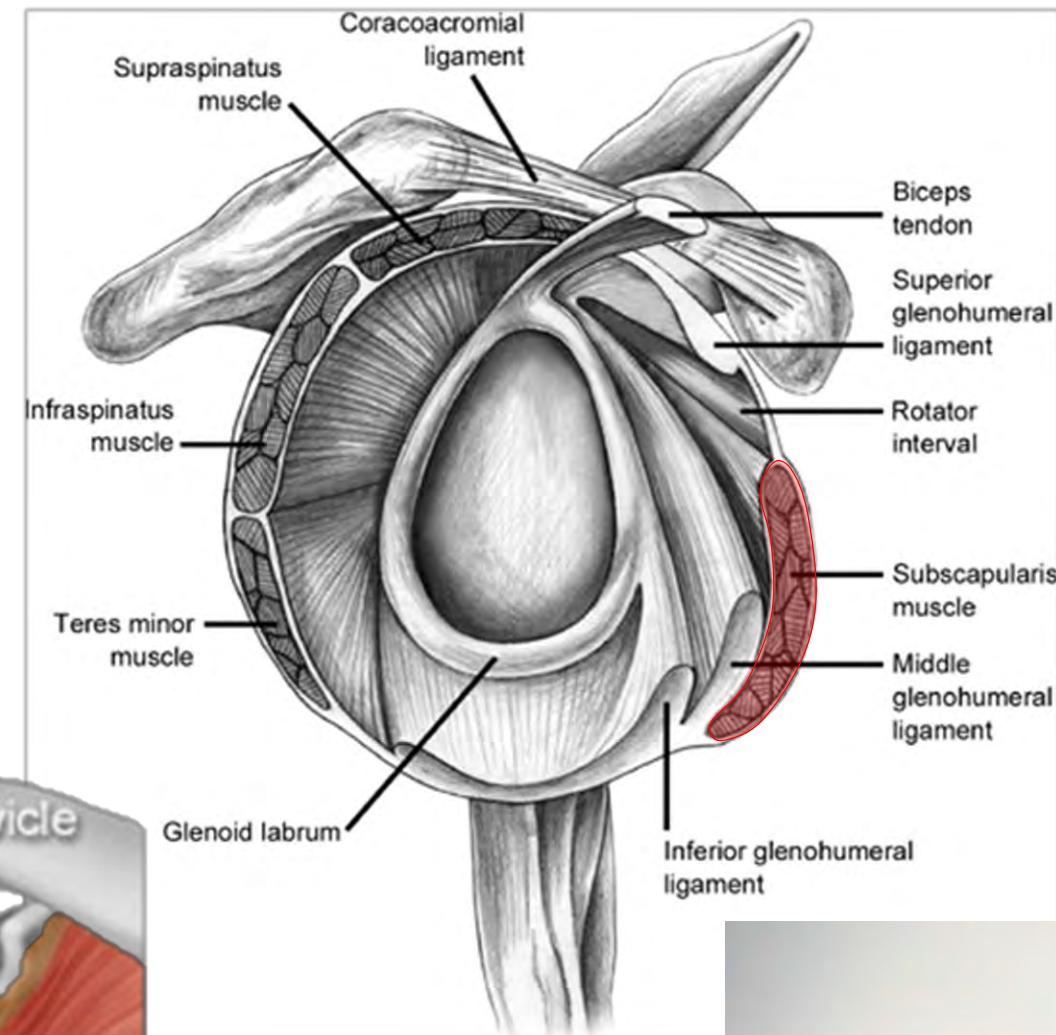
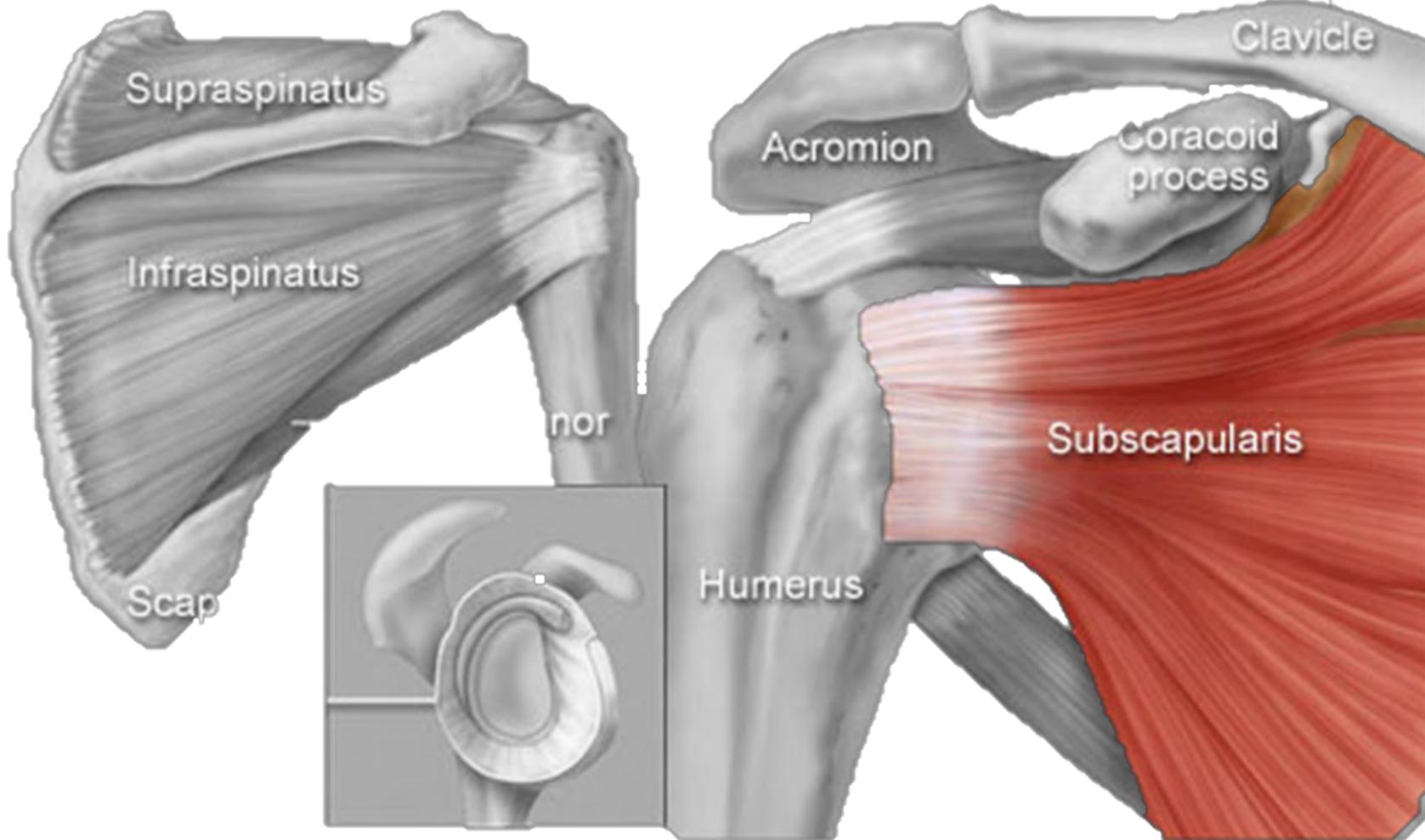
# Glenohumeralgelenk

## Dynamische Stabilisatoren



Rotatorenmanschette

- Subscapularis
  - Nn. subscapulares sup. et inf.



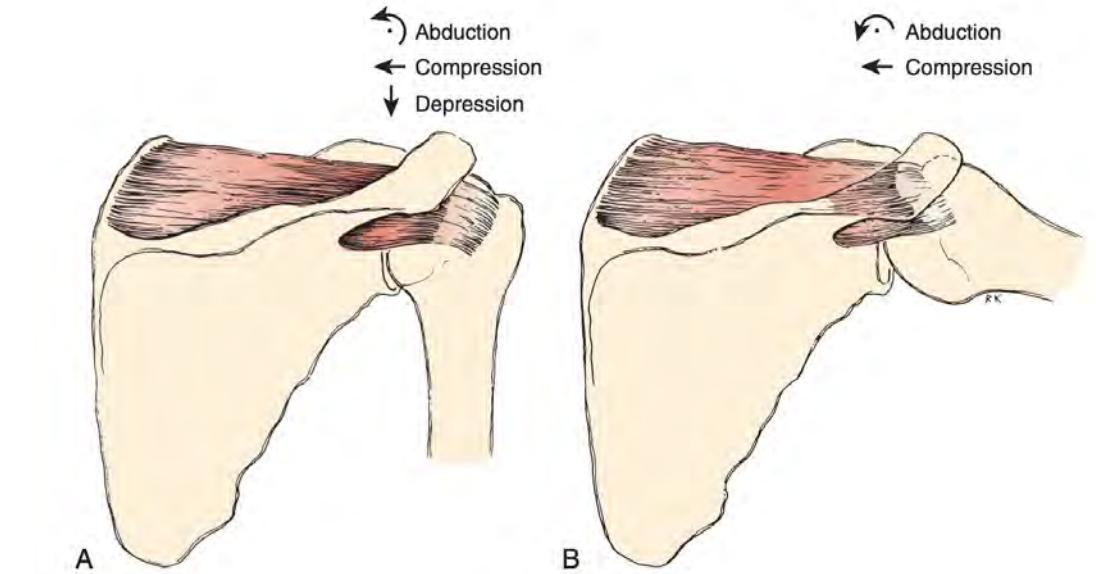
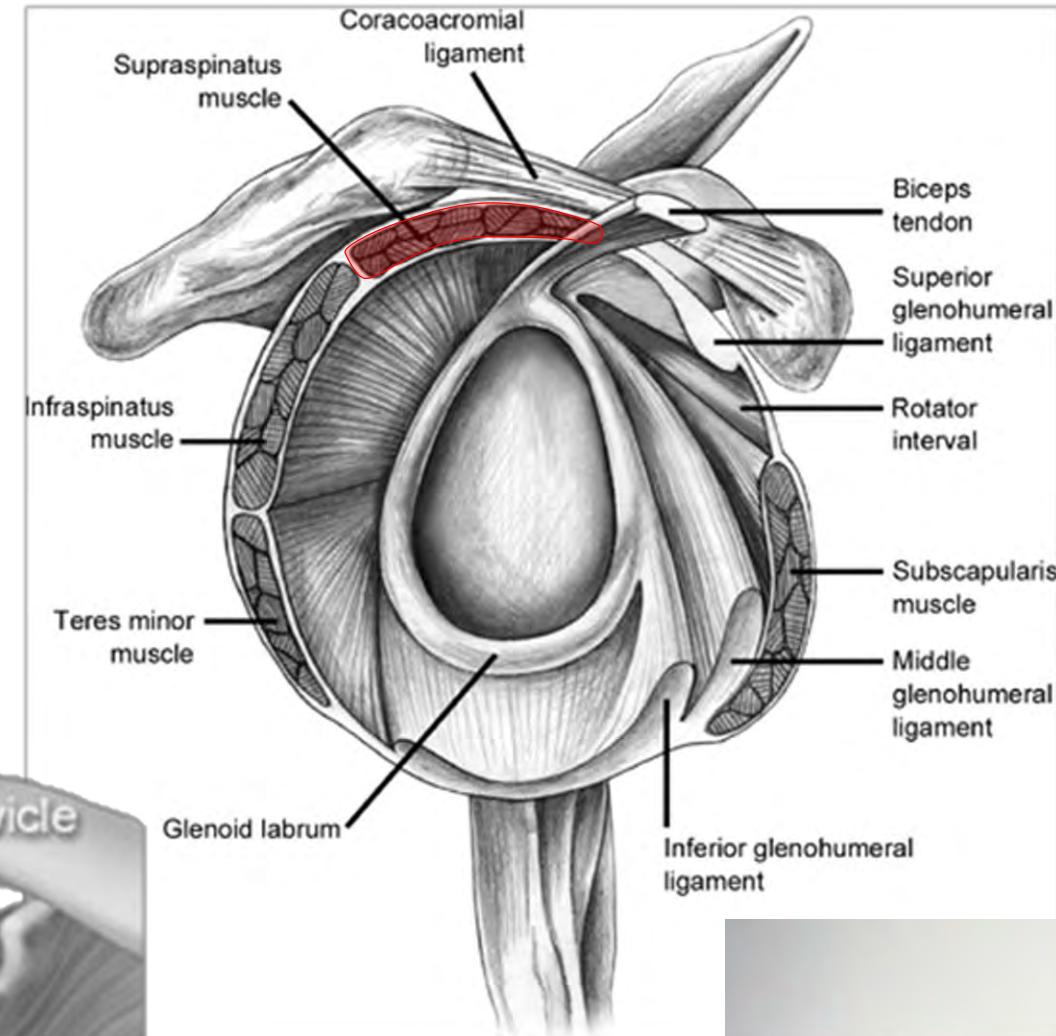
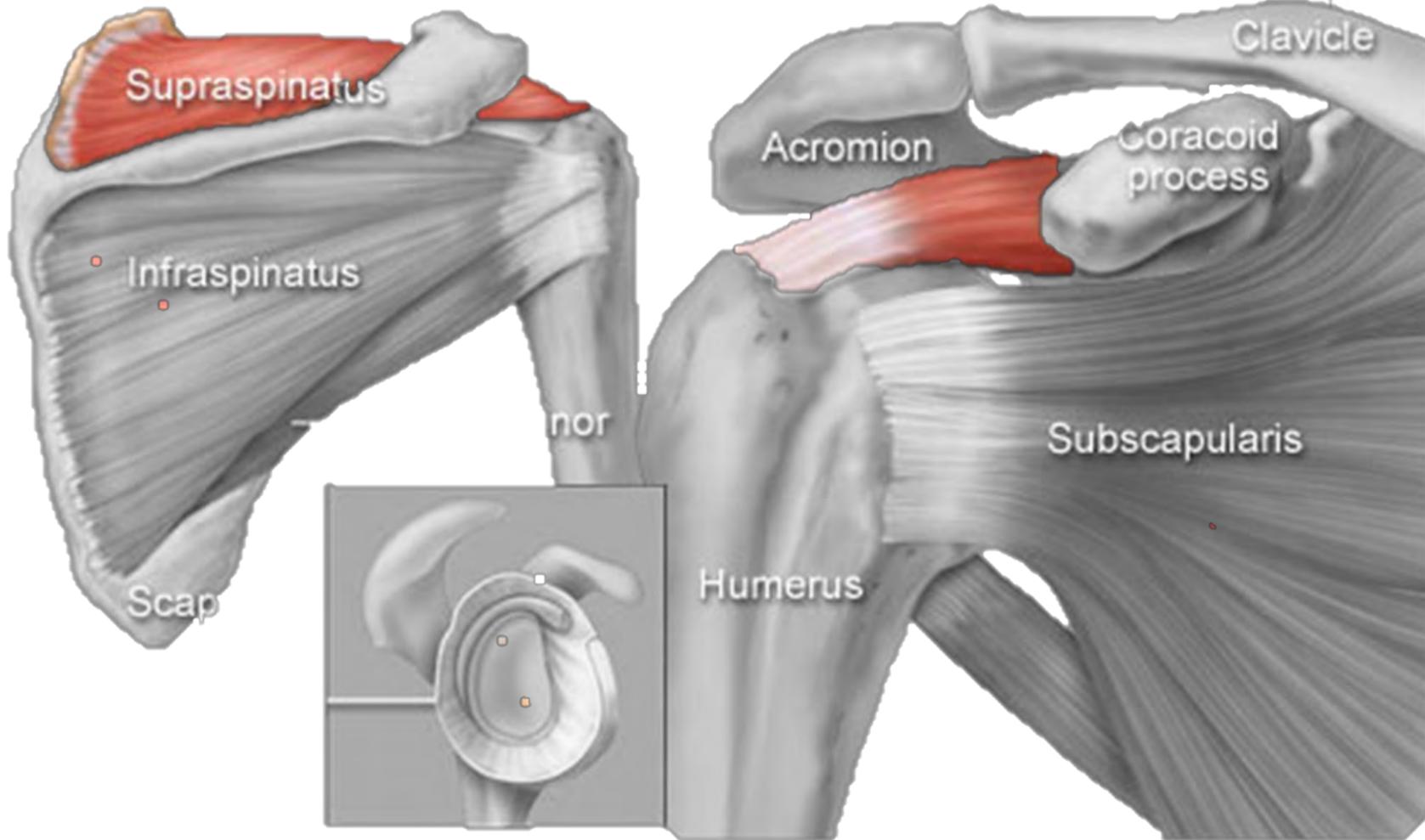
# Glenohumeralgelenk

## Dynamische Stabilisatoren



### Rotatorenmanschette

- Subscapularis
- **Supraspinatus**
  - N. suprascapularis



Elevation through Abduction  
170° - 180°



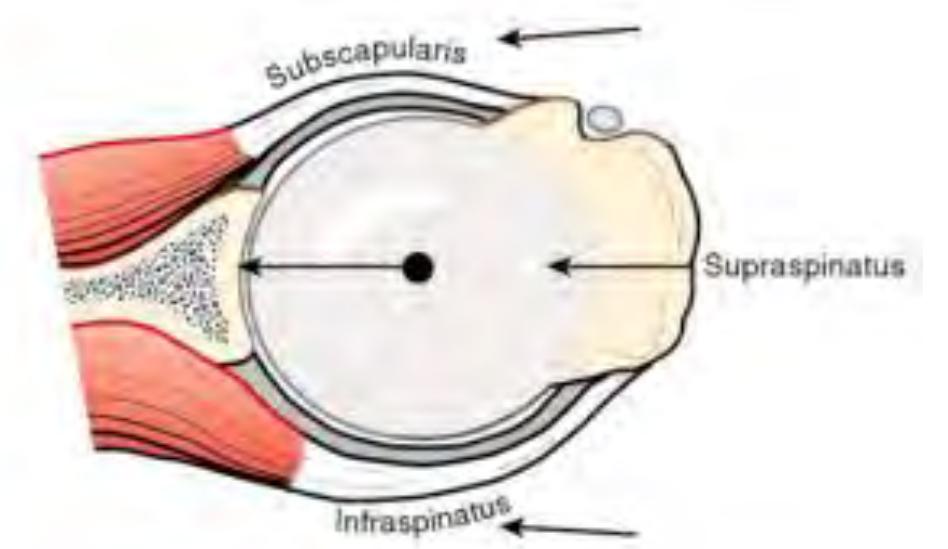
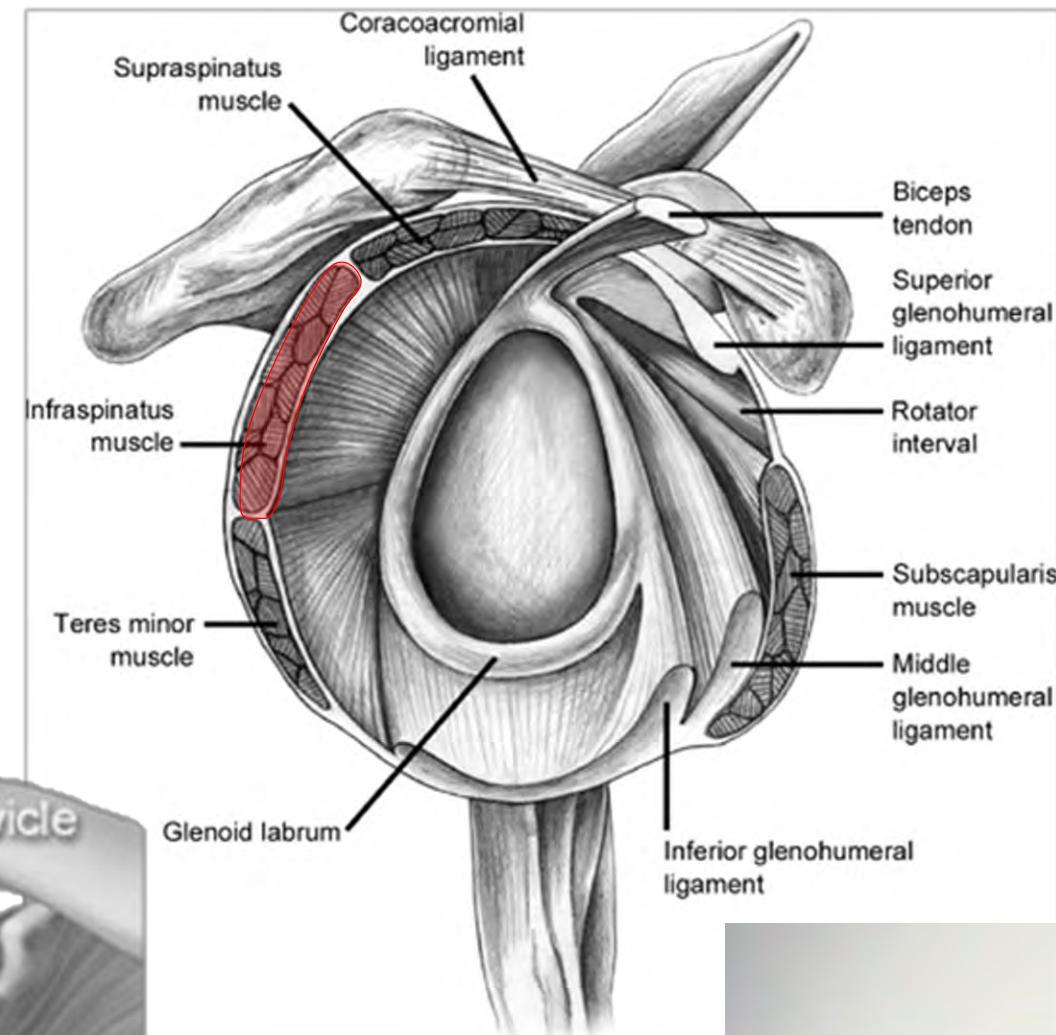
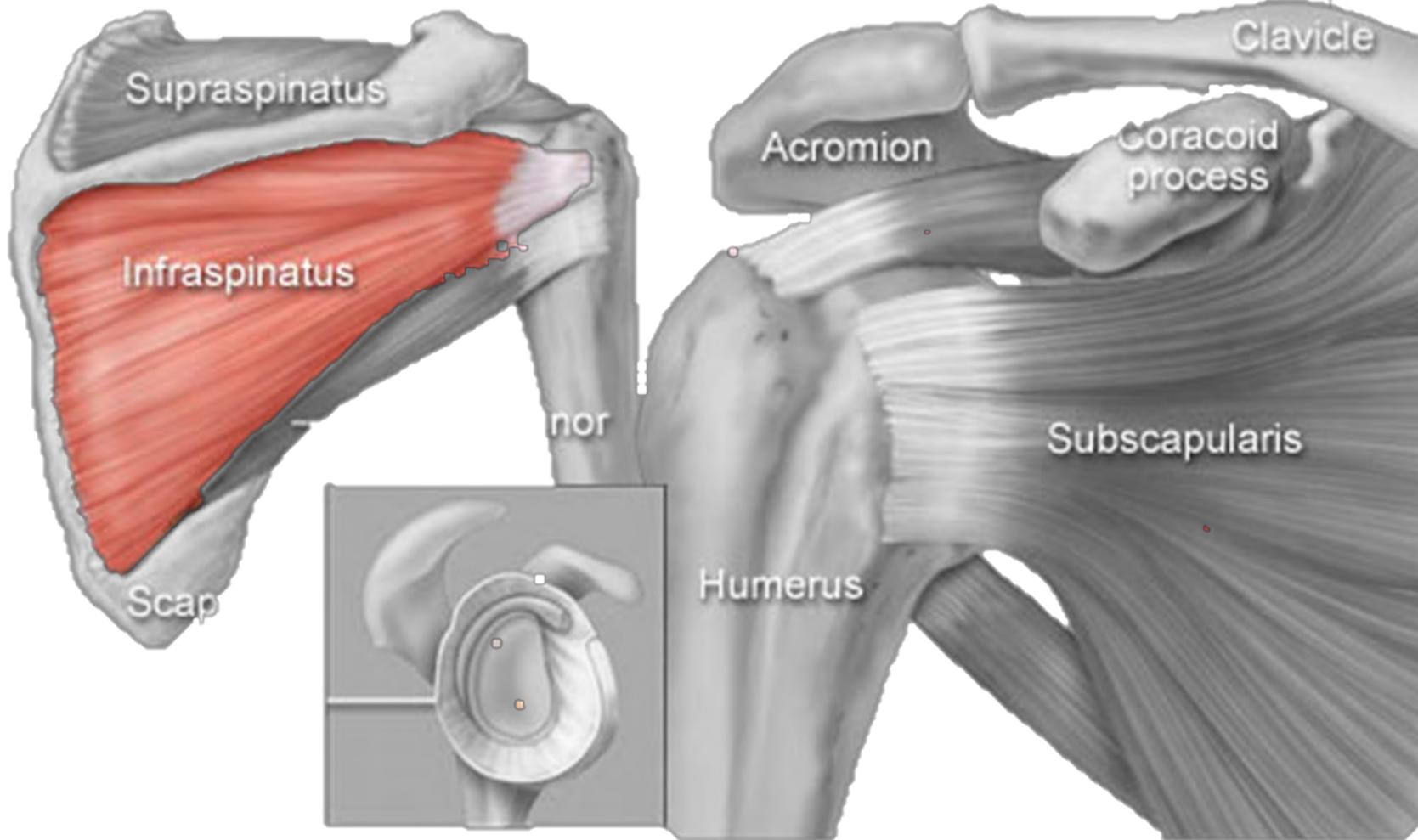
# Glenohumeralgelenk

## Dynamische Stabilisatoren



### Rotatorenmanschette

- Subscapularis
- Supraspinatus
- **Infraspinatus**
  - N. suprascapularis



Lateral/external Rotation  
80° - 90°



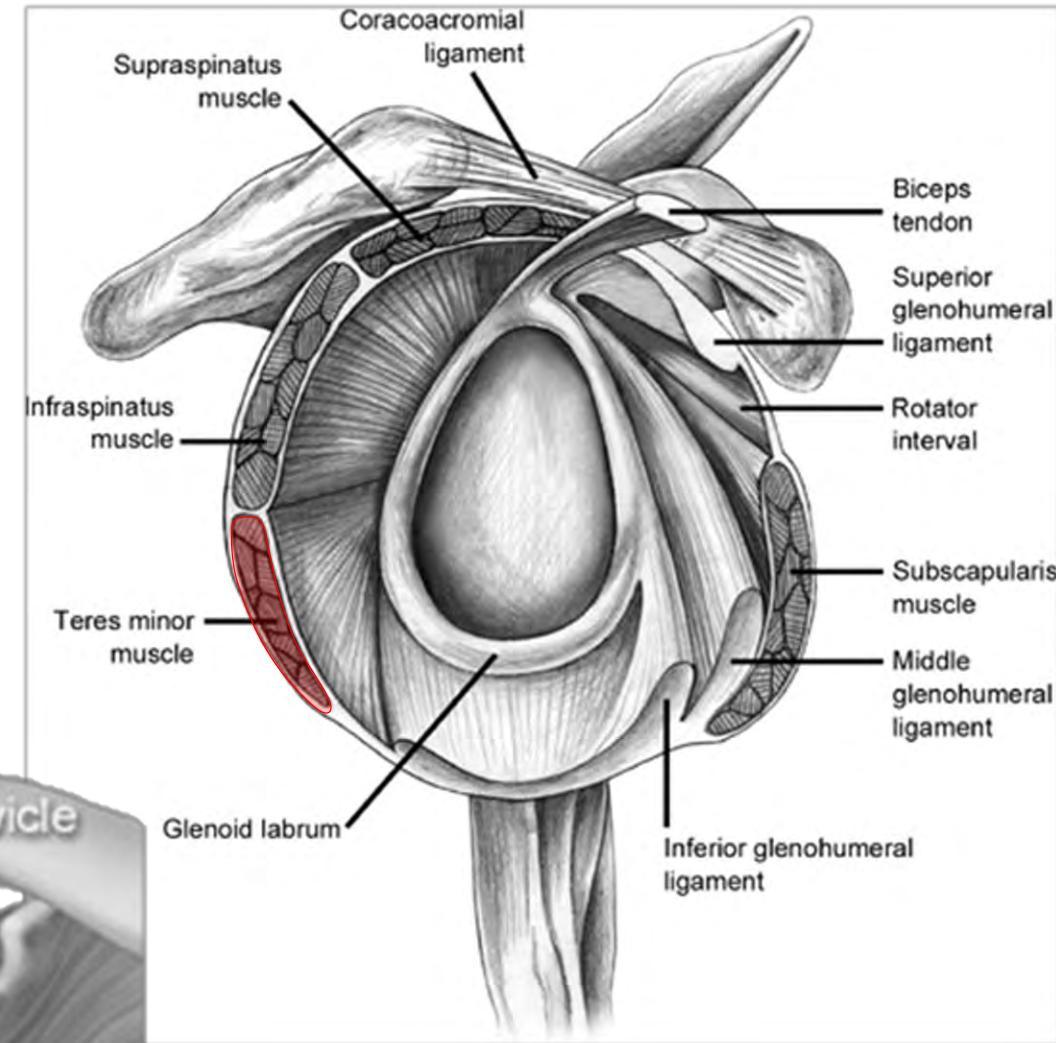
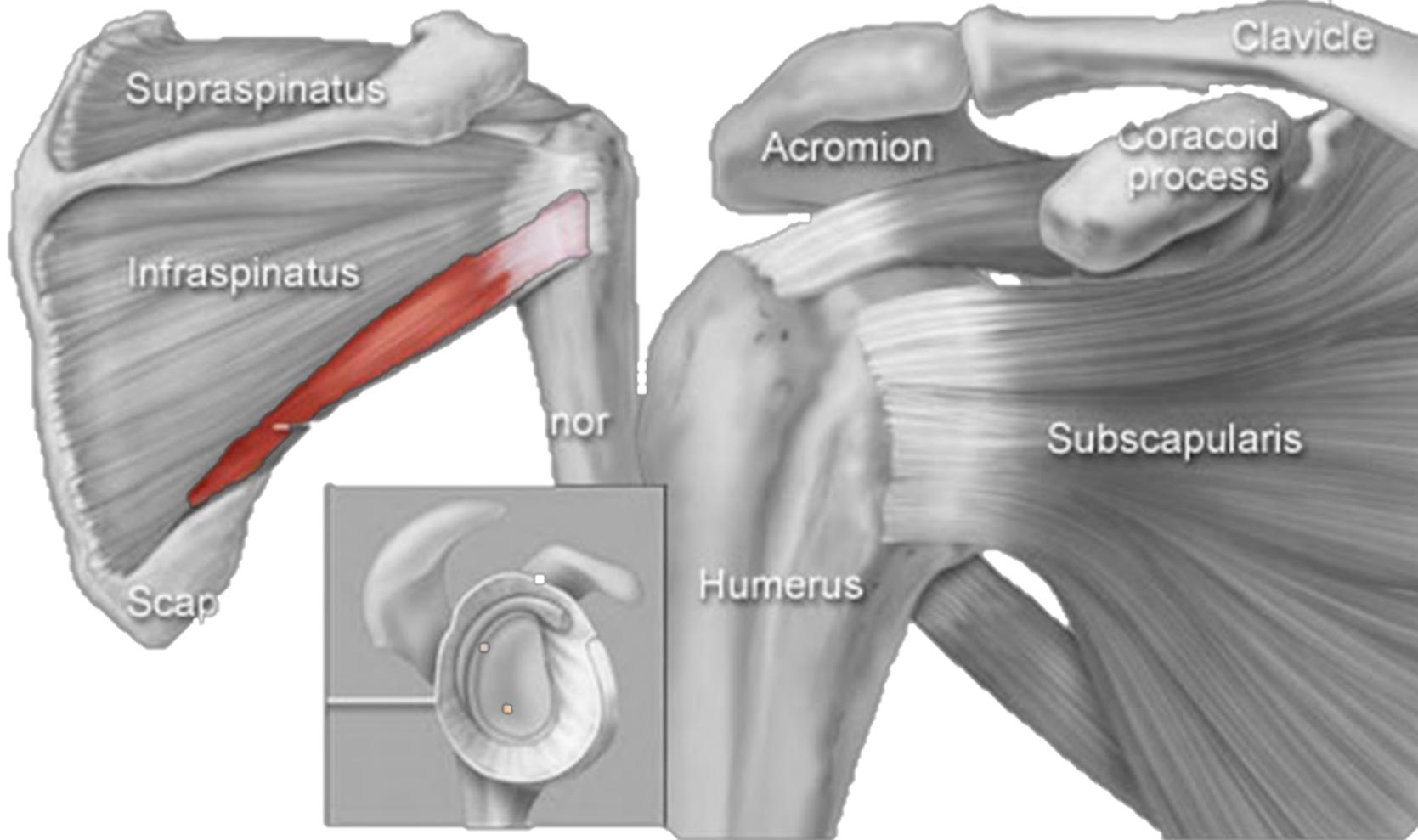
# Glenohumeralgelenk

## Dynamische Stabilisatoren



### Rotatorenmanschette

- Subscapularis
- Supraspinatus
- Infraspinatus
- Teres minor
  - N. axillaris



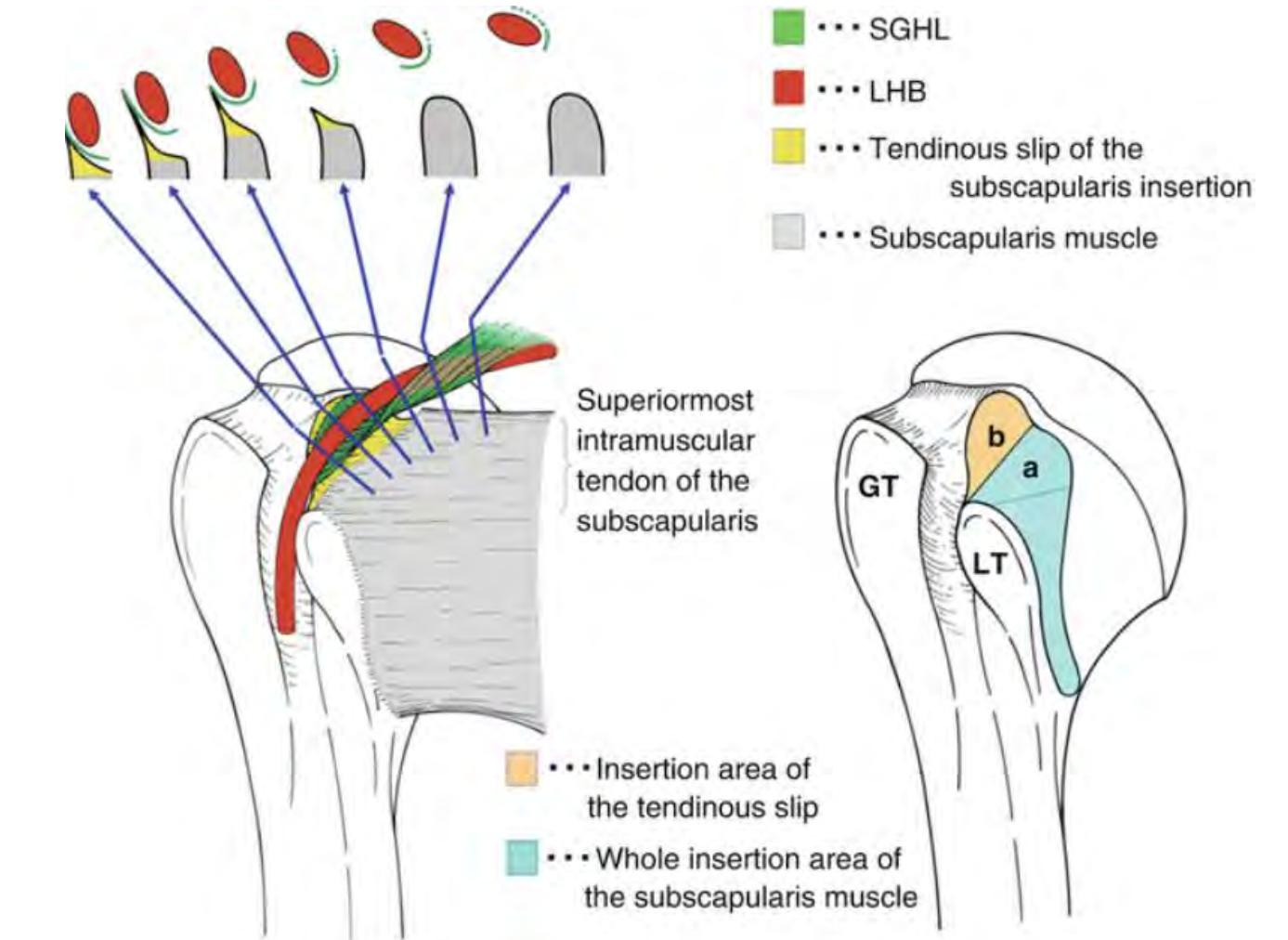
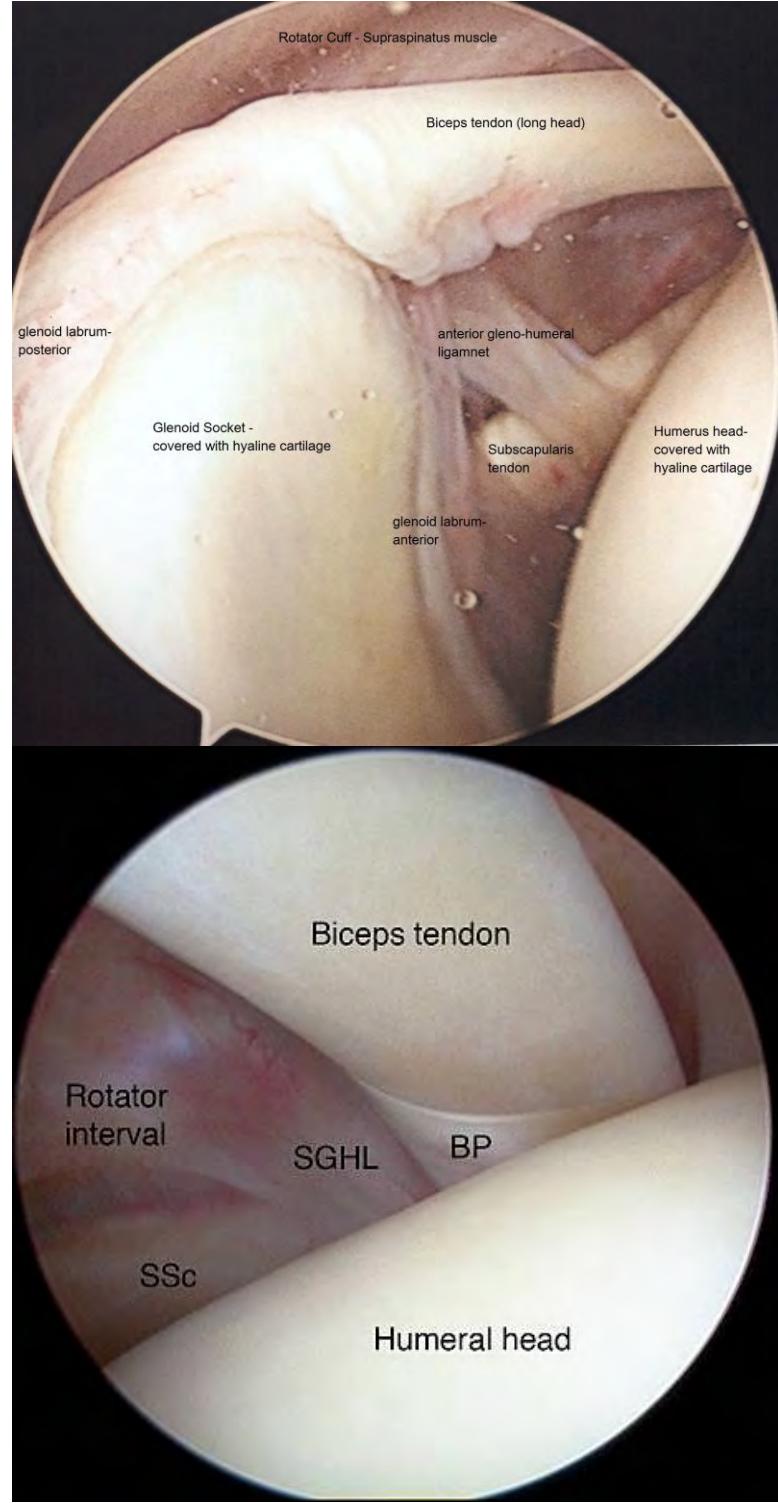
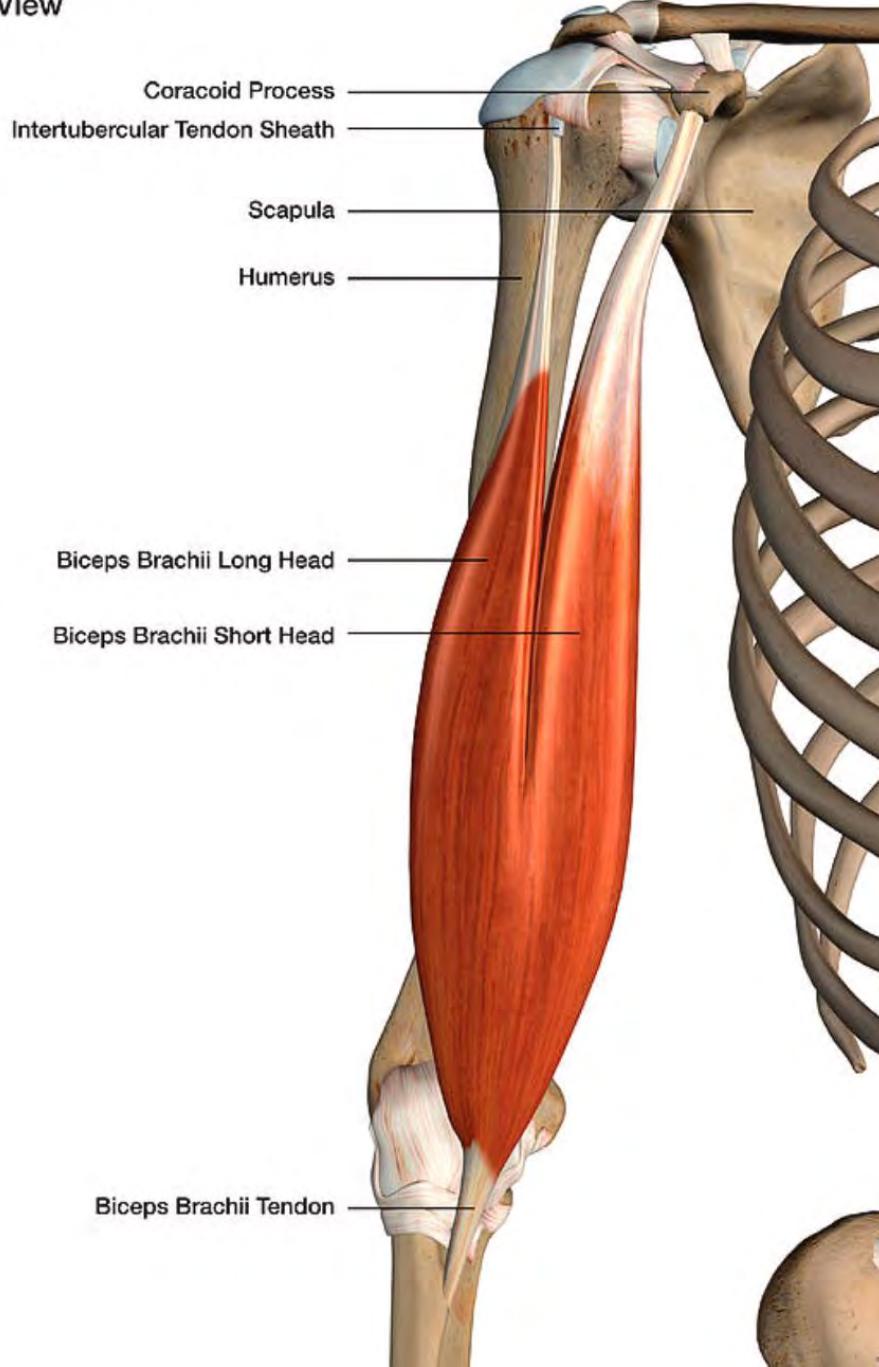
# Glenohumeralgelenk

## Dynamische Stabilisatoren



- Biceps brachii, Caput longum
  - N. musculocutaneus

Biceps Brachii Muscles  
Anterior View



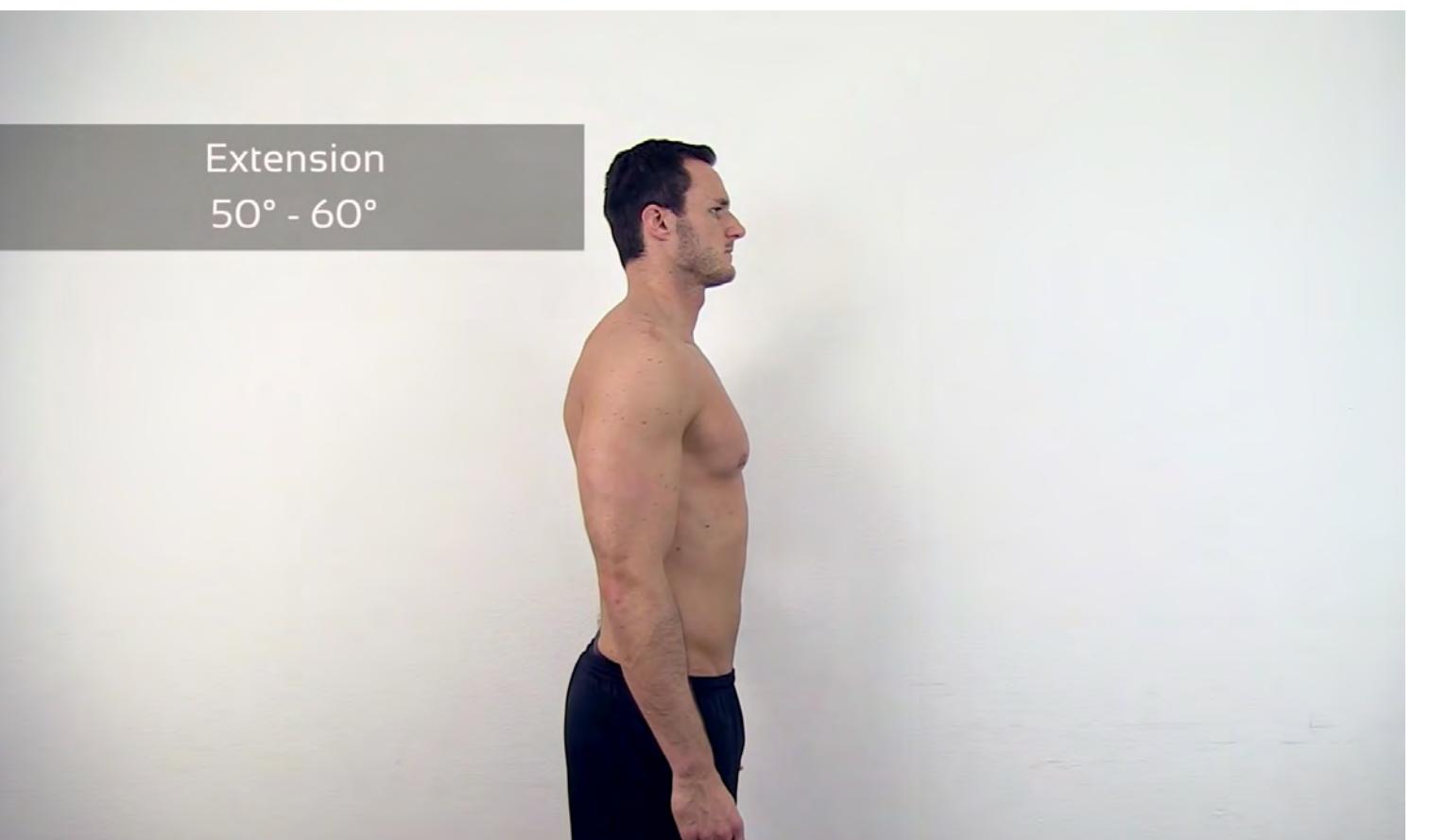
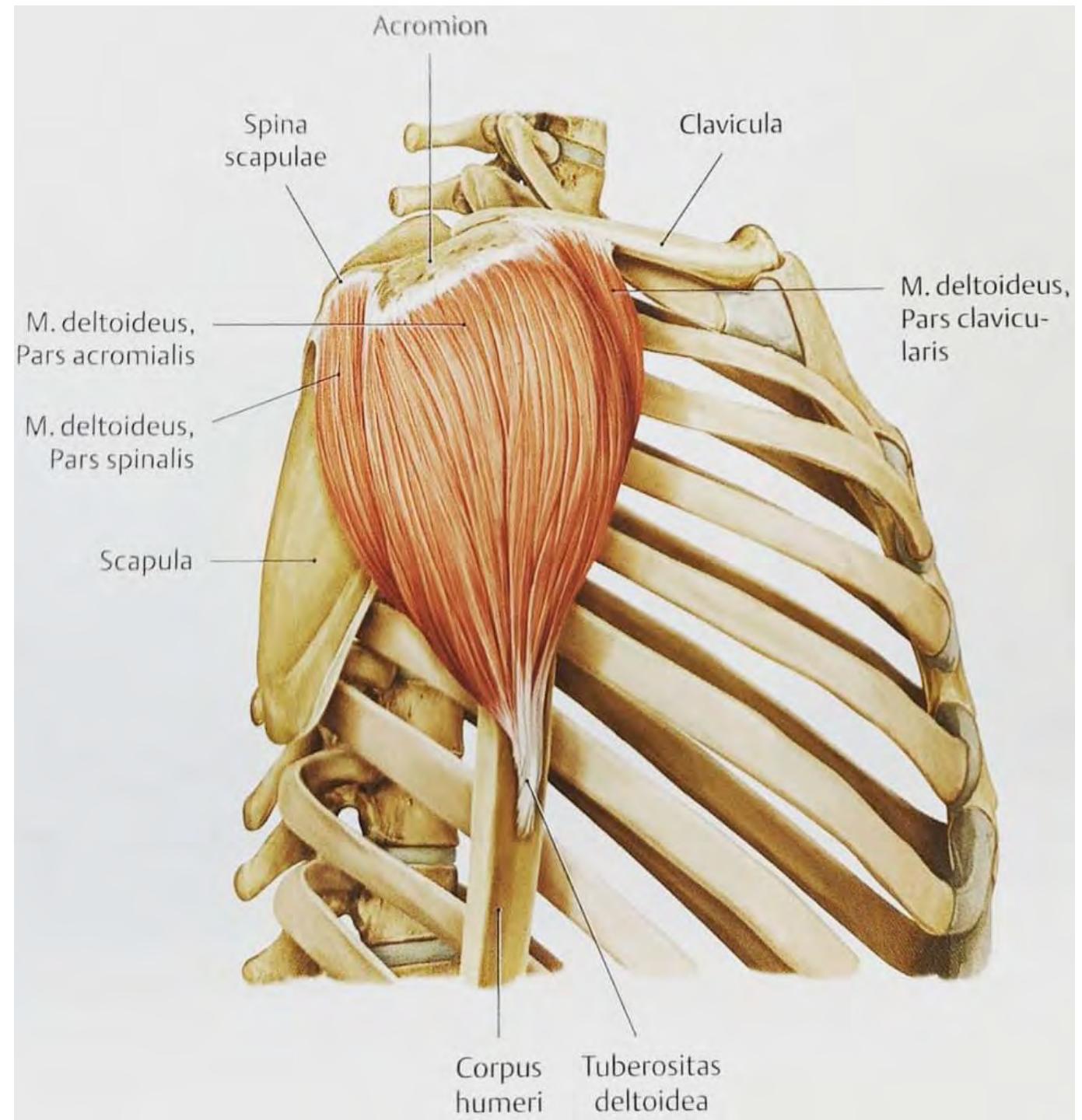
# Glenohumeralgelenk

## Dynamische Stabilisatoren



- Deltoides

- N. axillaris



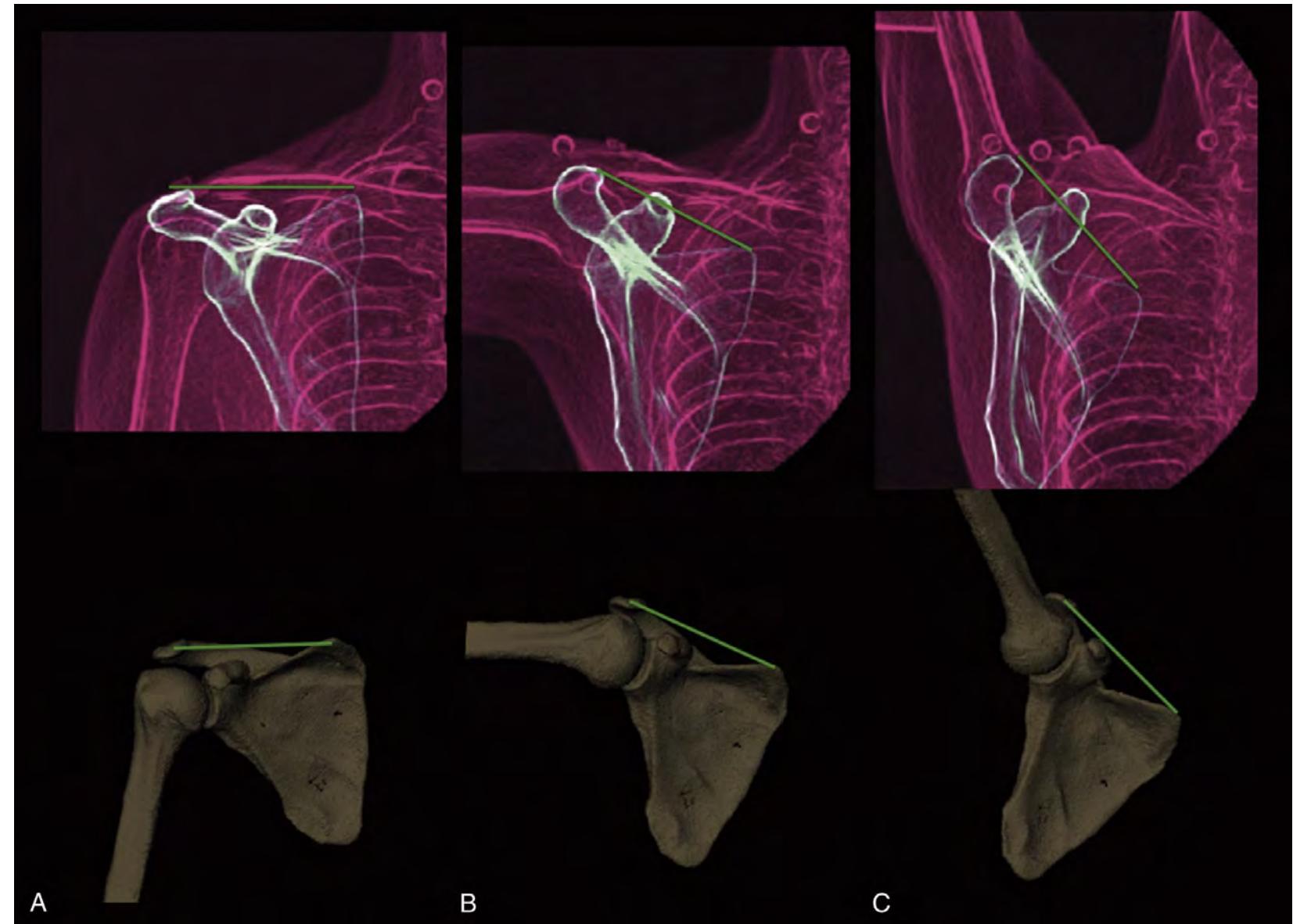




# Skapula

Skapulothorakales Gleitlager

Skapulohumeraler Rhythmus

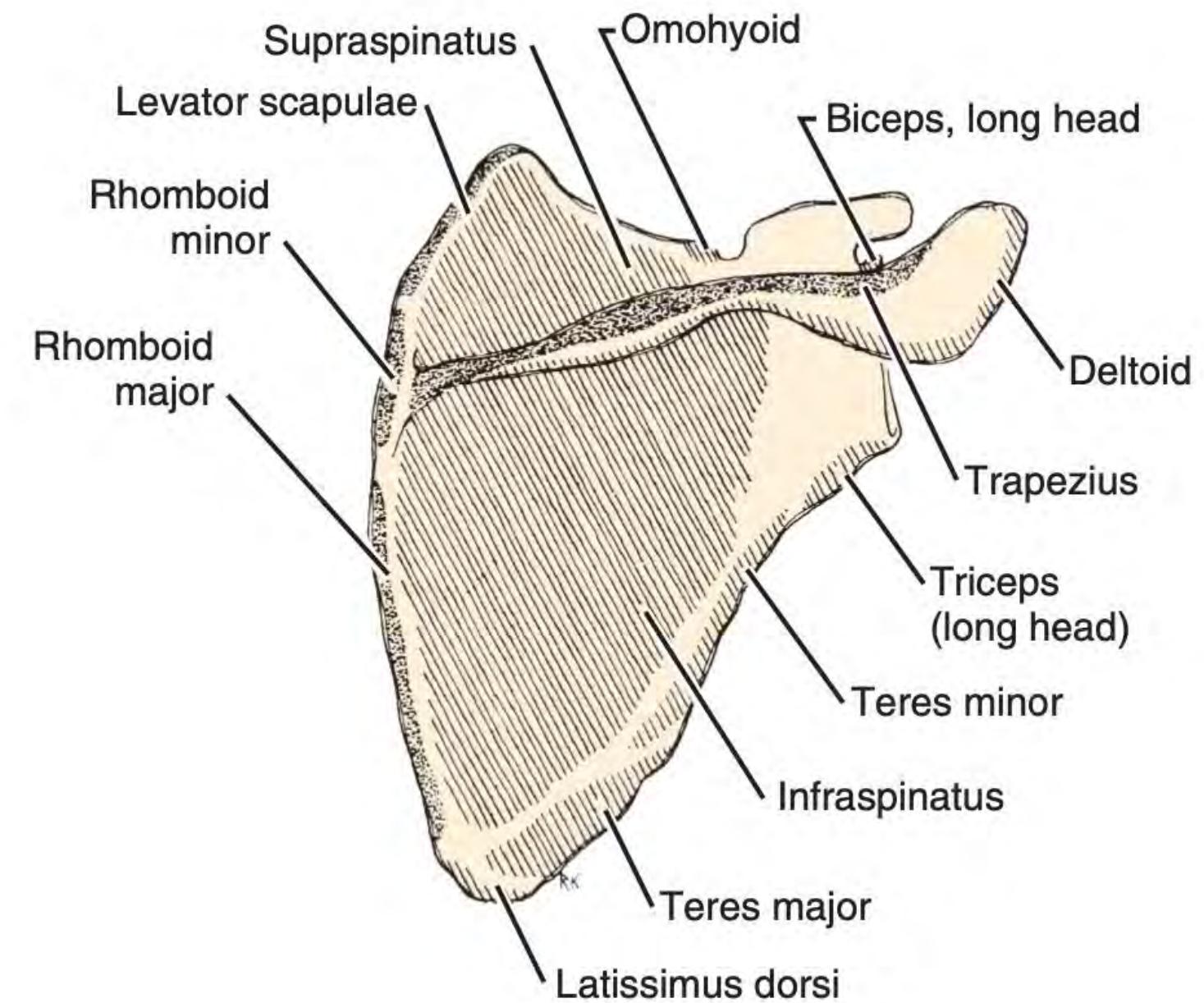
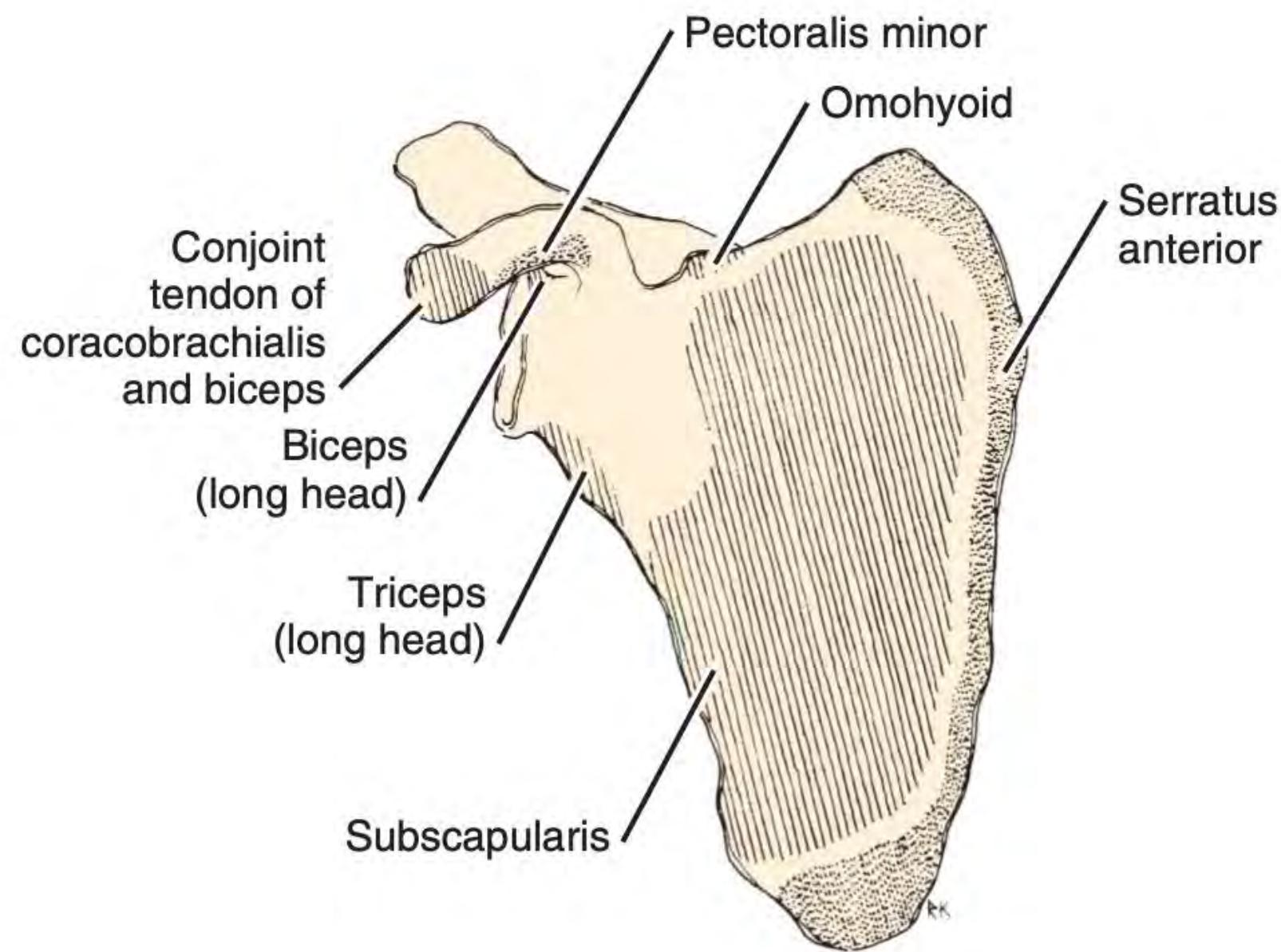


# Skapula

## Skapulothorakales Gleitlager



### Periskapuläre Muskulatur



# Skapula

## Skapulothorakales Gleitlager

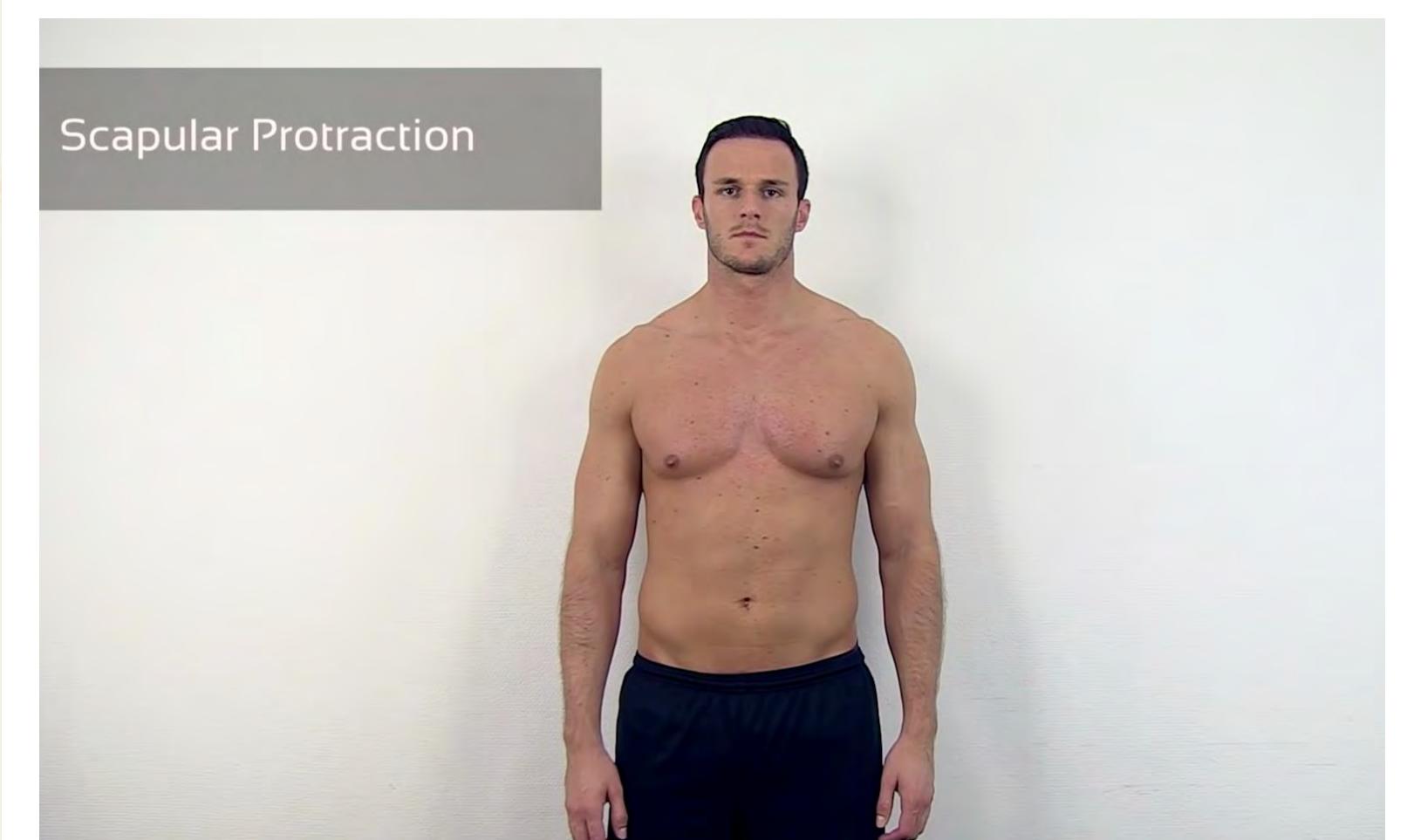
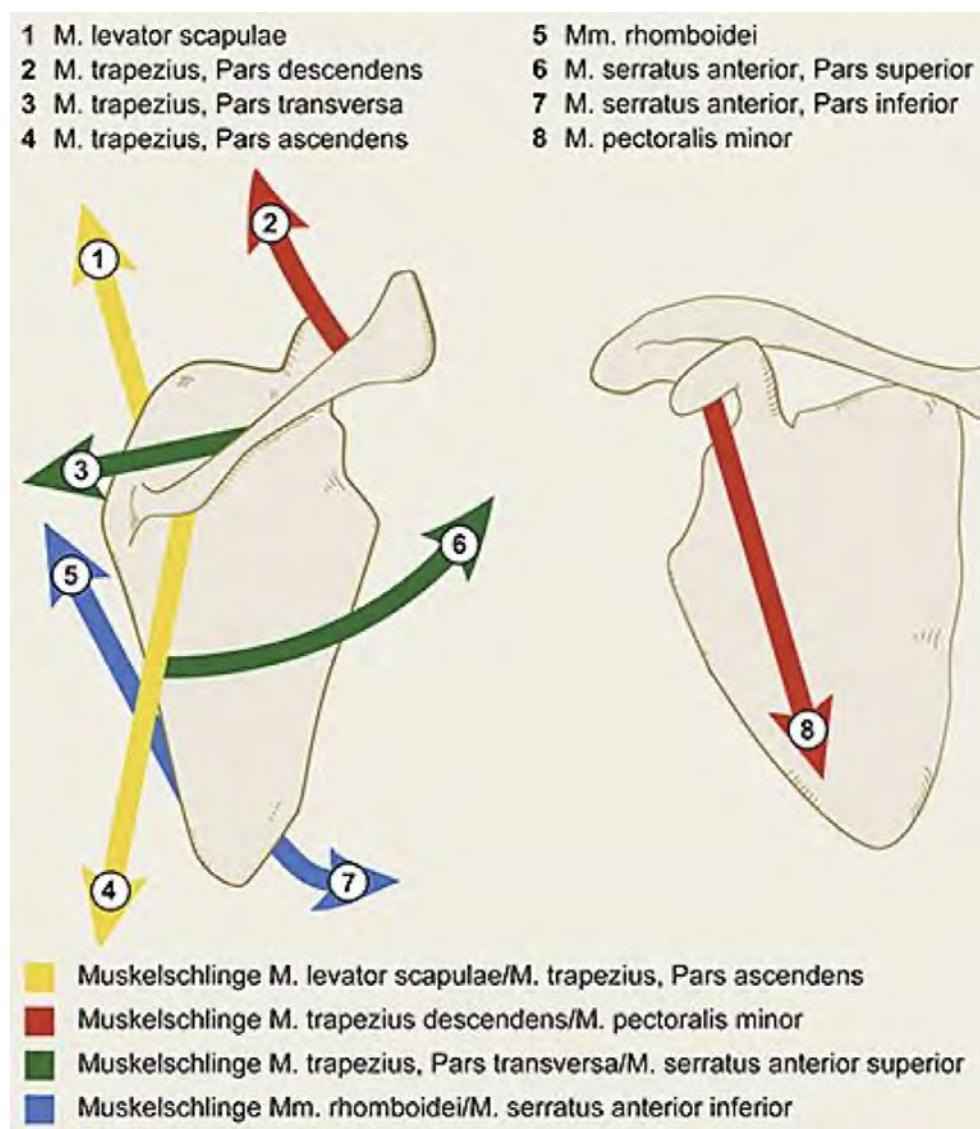
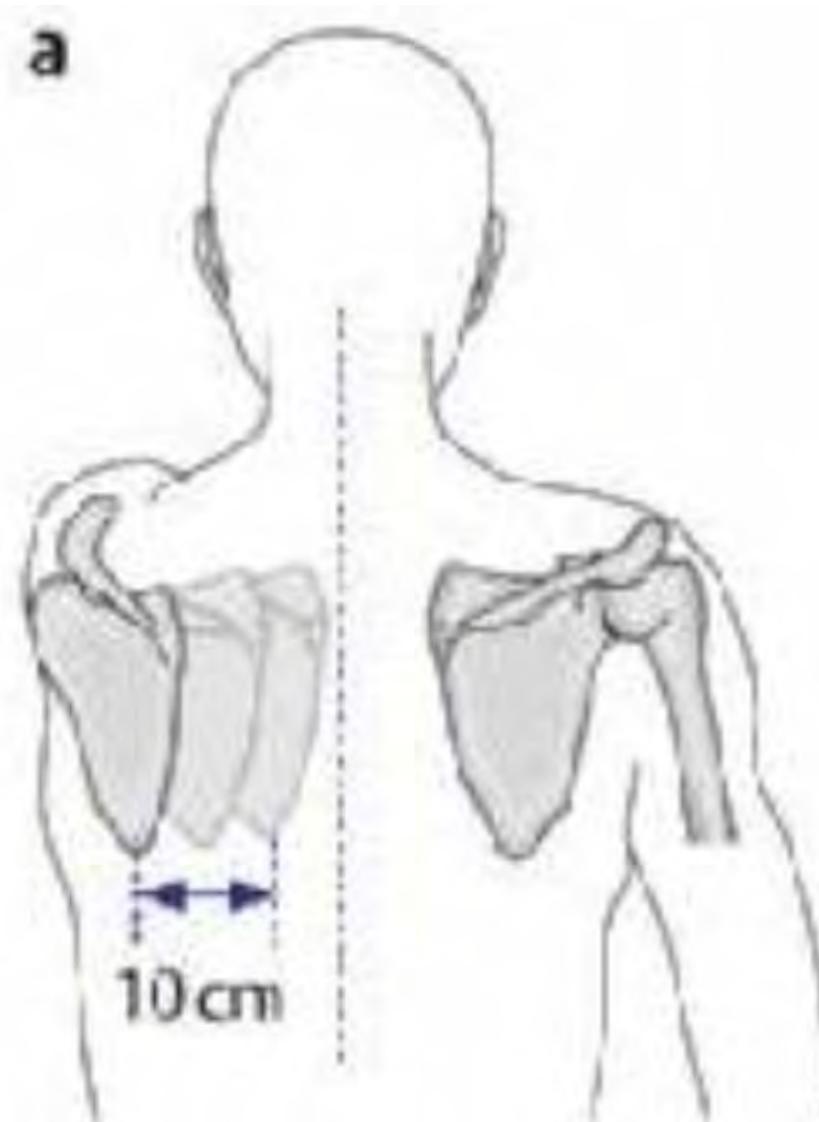


### Protraktion

- M. serratus anterior, M. pectoralis minor

### Retraktion

- M. trapezius pars transversa, Mm. rhomboidei



# Skapula

## Skapulothorakales Gleitlager

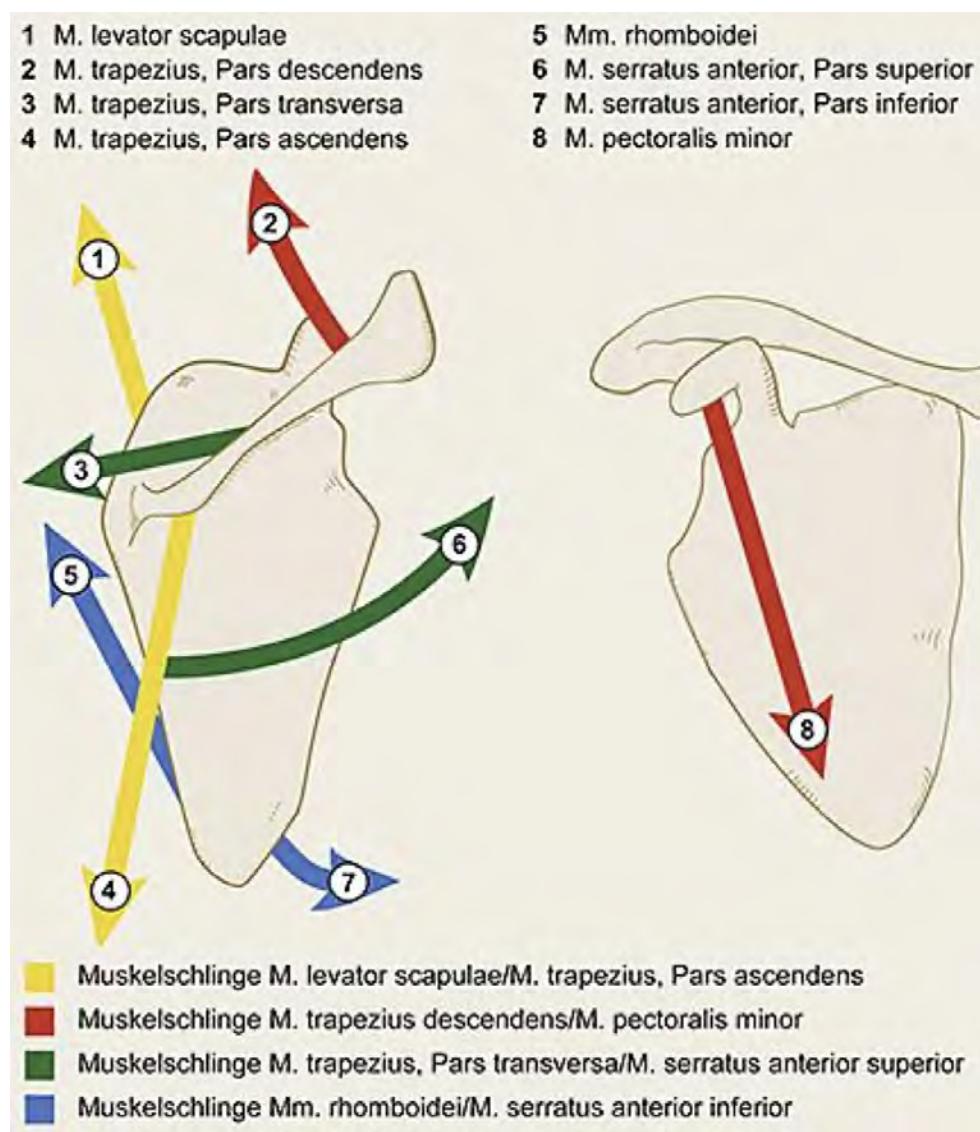
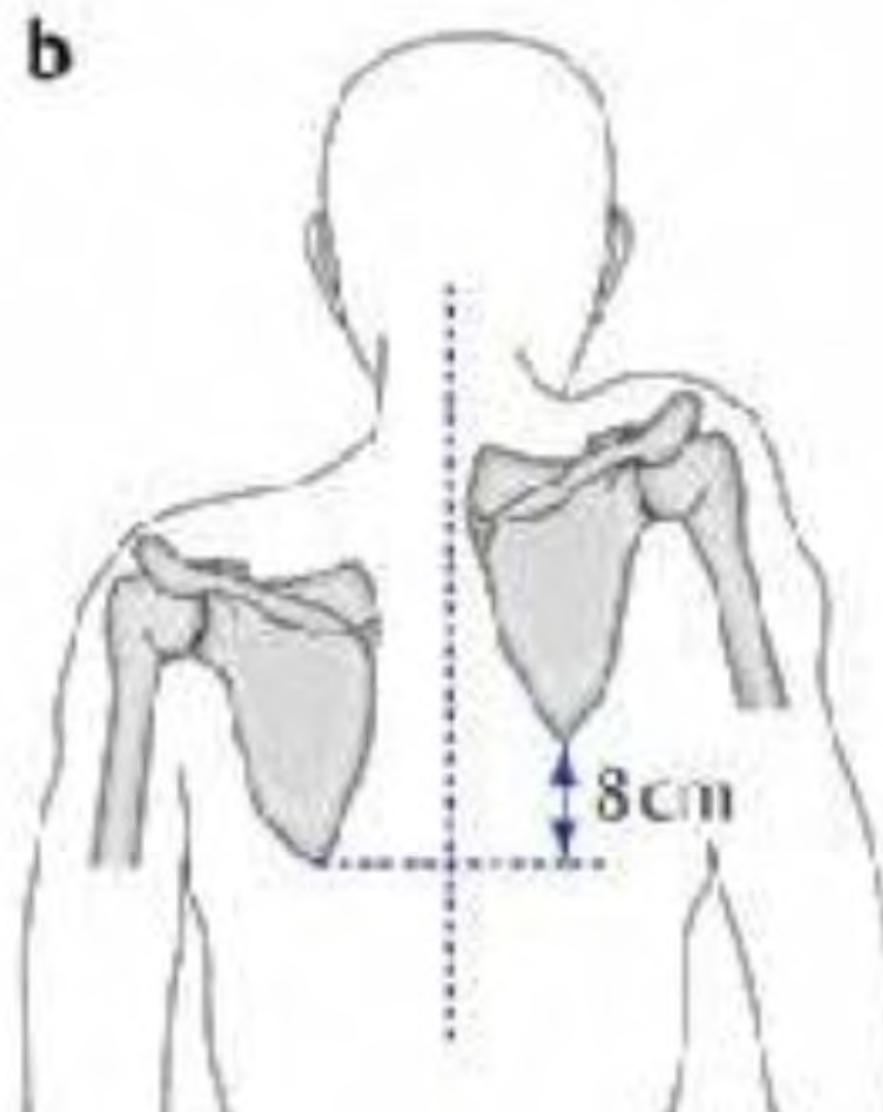


### Elevation

- M. trapezius pars descendens, M. levator scapulae, Mm. rhomboidei, M. serratus anterior pars superior

### Depression

- M. trapezius pars ascendens, M. serratus anterior pars inferior, M. pectoralis minor



Shoulder Elevation



# Skapula

## Skapulothorakales Gleitlager

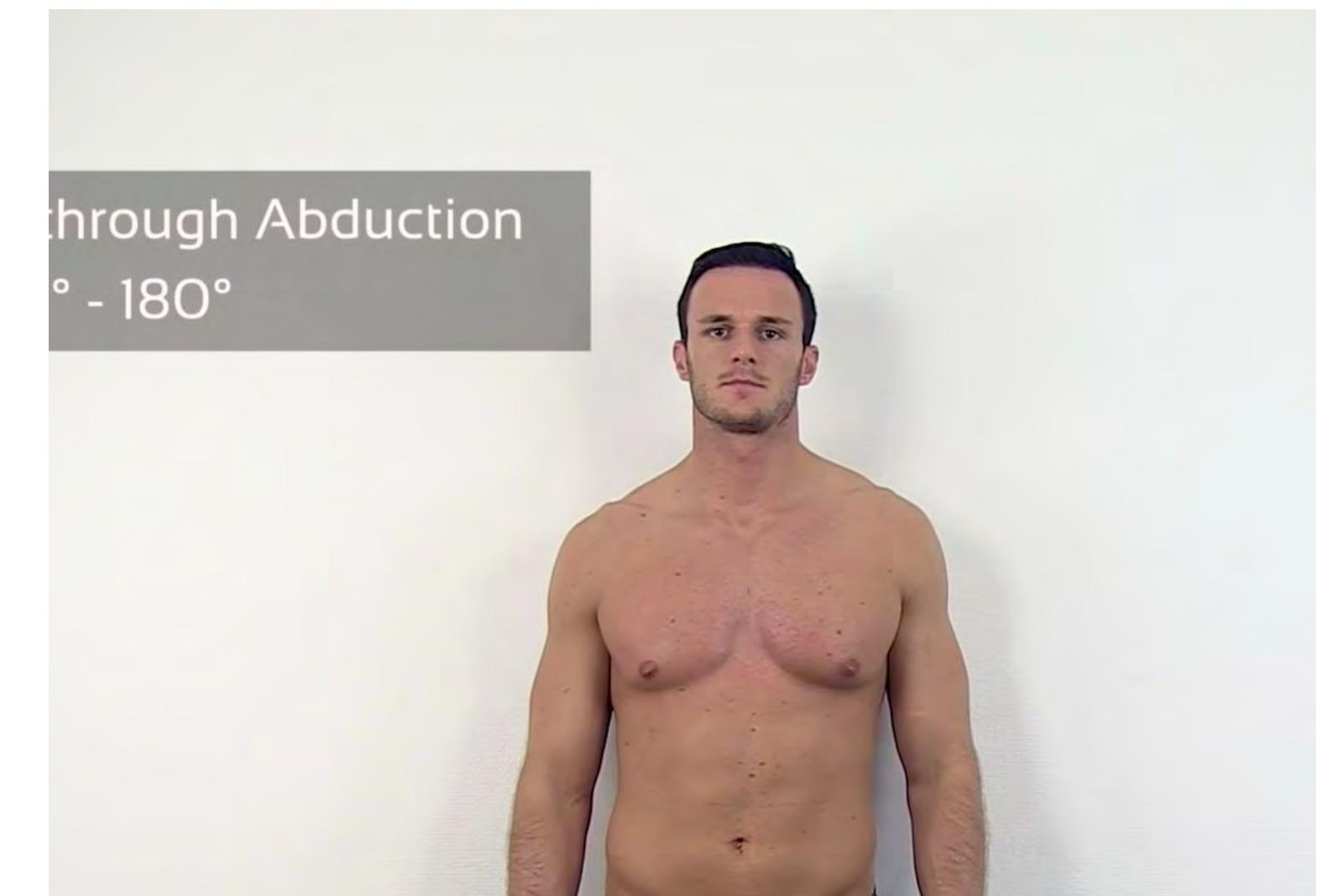
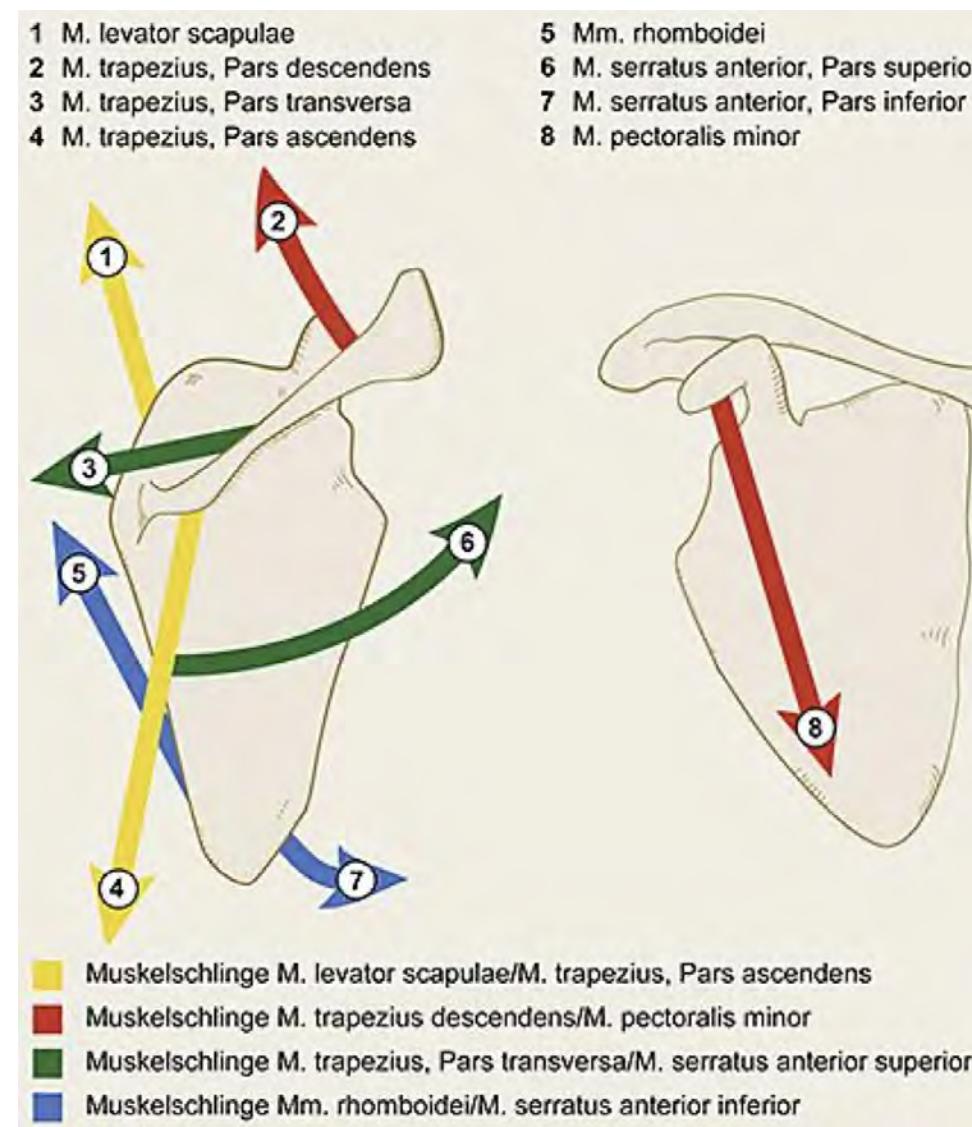
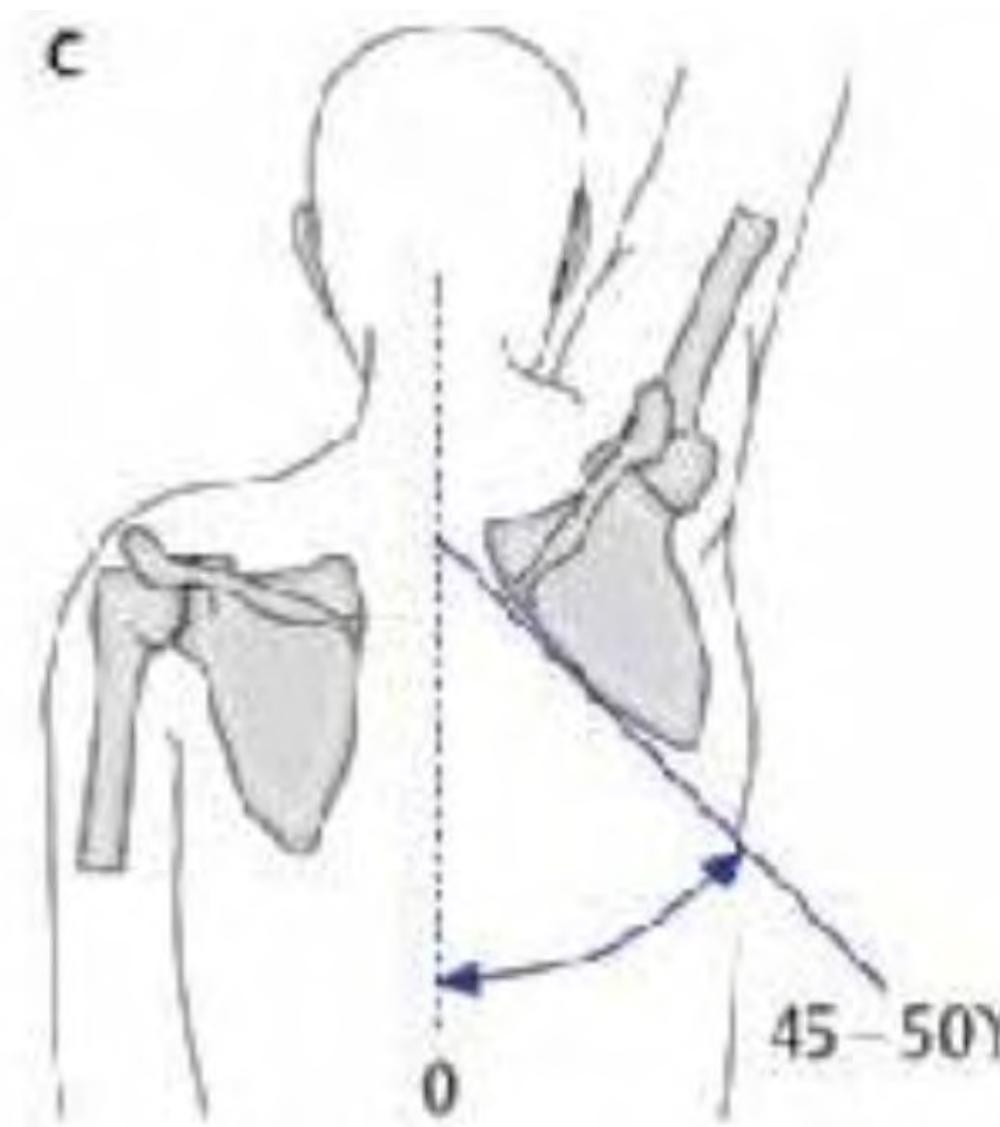


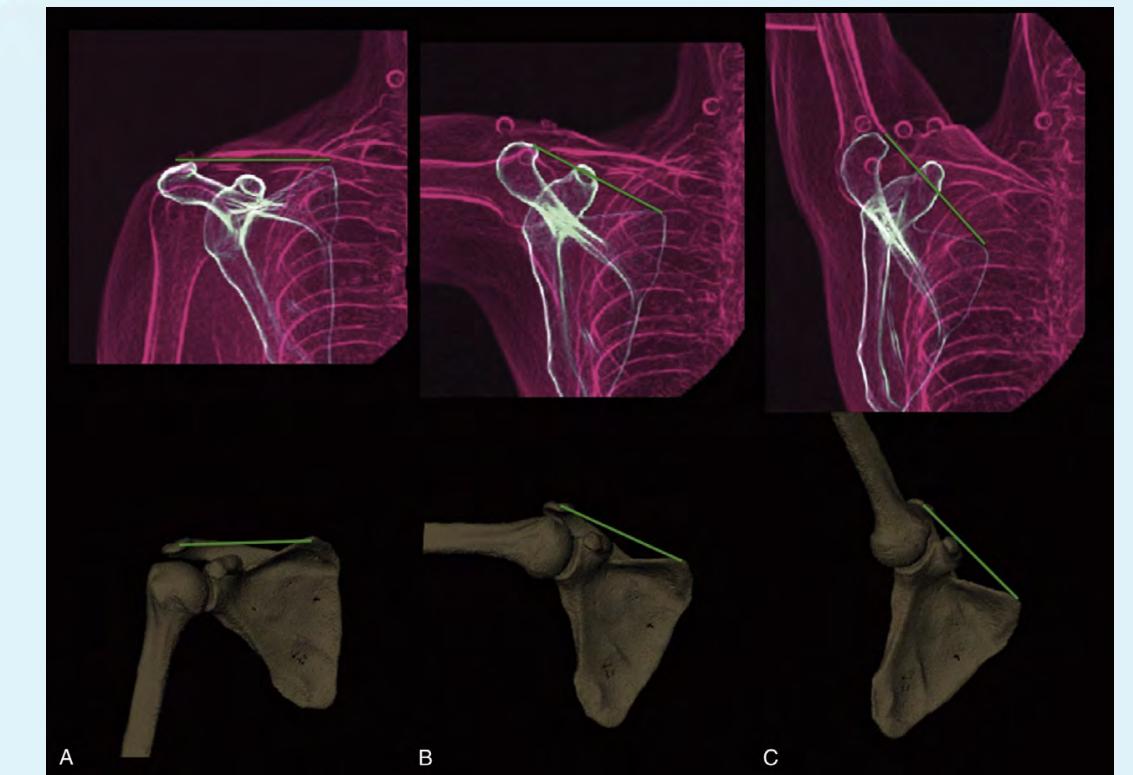
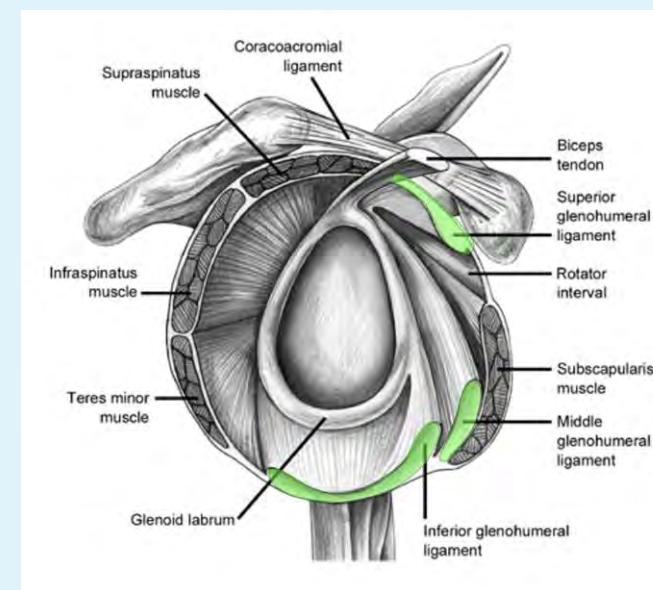
### Aufwärtsrotation

- M. trapezius pars ascendens/descendens, M. serratus anterior pars inferior

### Abwärtsrotation

- Mm. rhomboidei, M. serratus anterior pars superior, M. pectoralis minor, M. levator scapulae









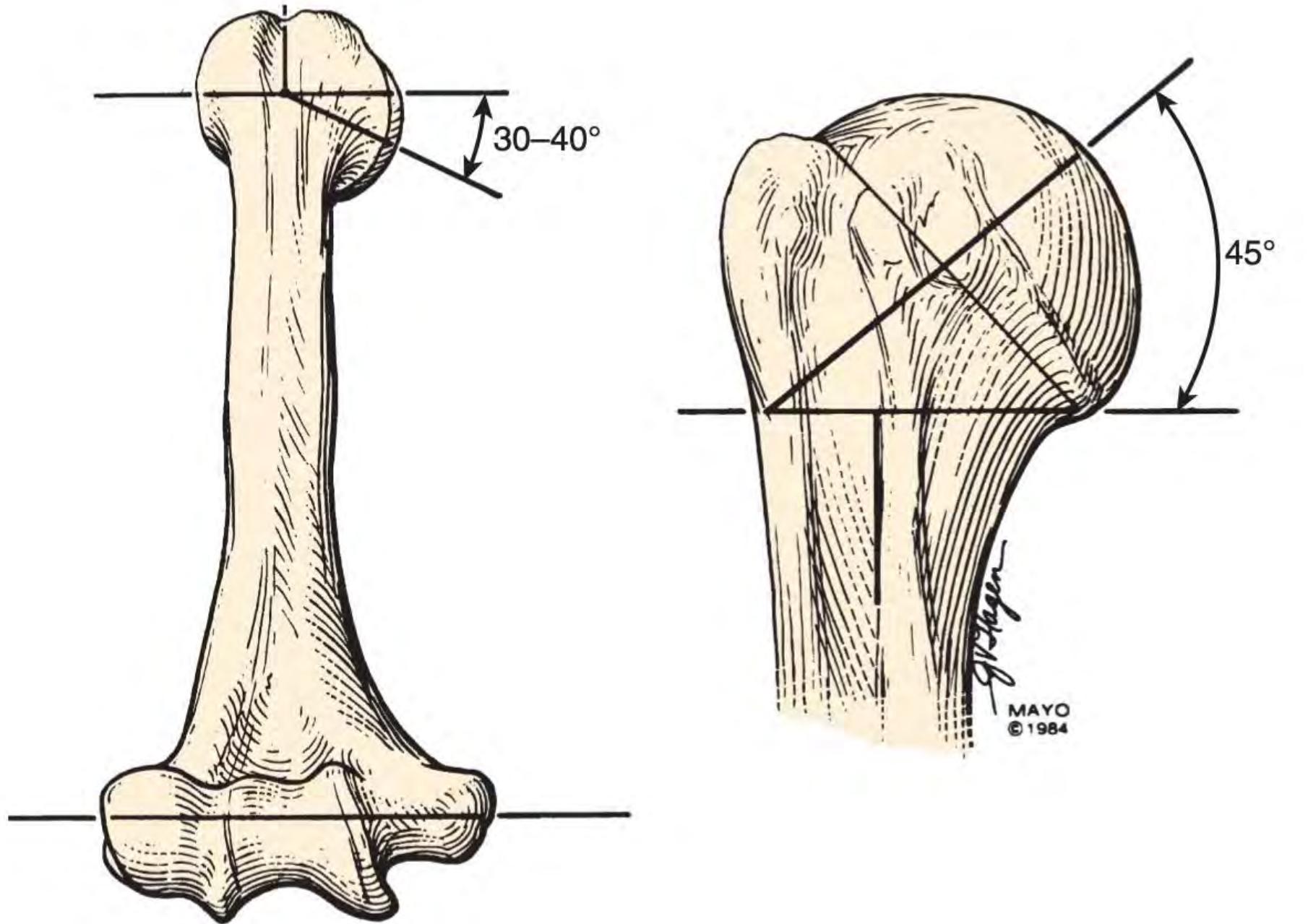
# Glenohumeralgelenk

## Statische Stabilisatoren



ossäre Anatomie

- Humerus

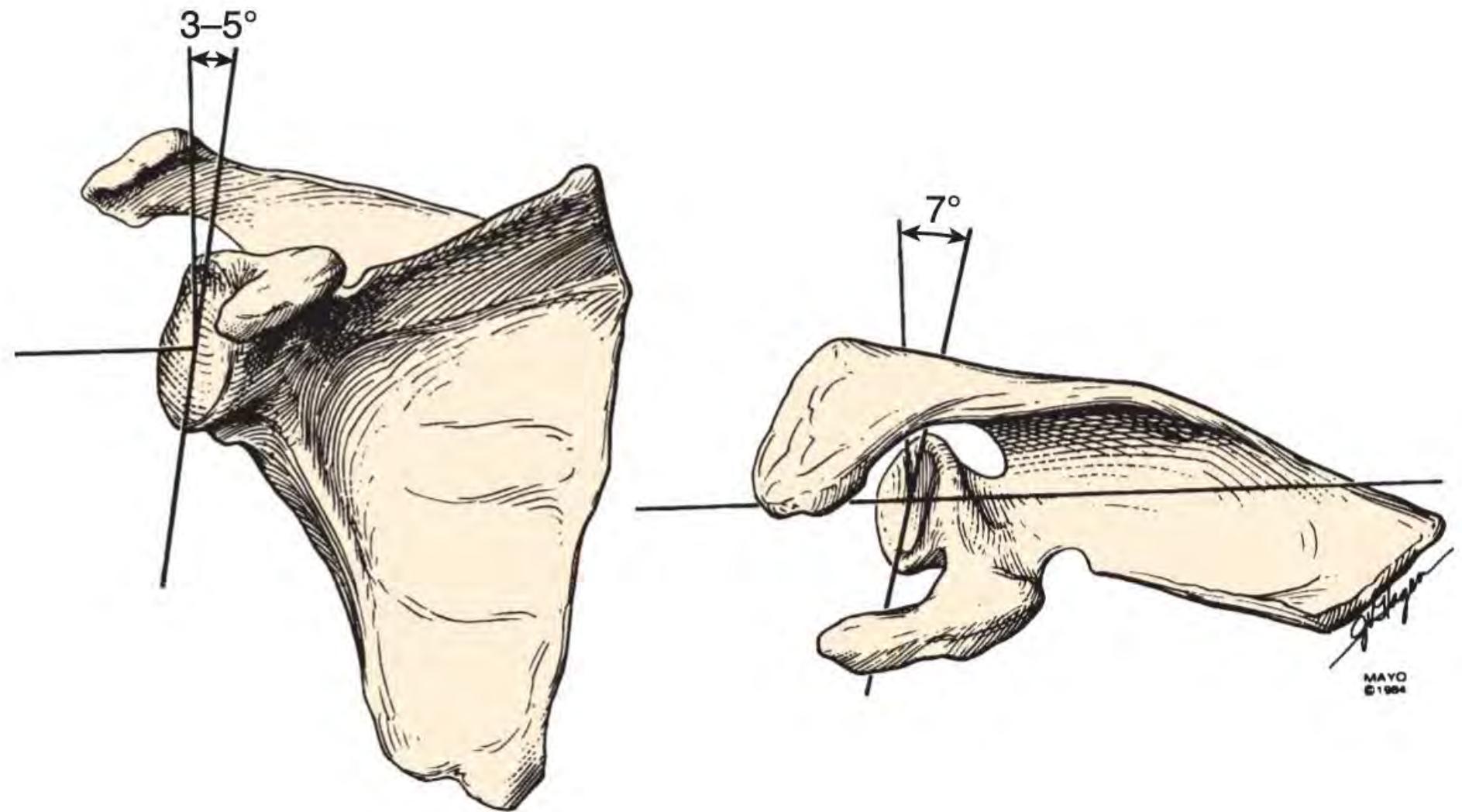


# Glenohumeralgelenk

## Statische Stabilisatoren

ossäre Anatomie

- Glenoid

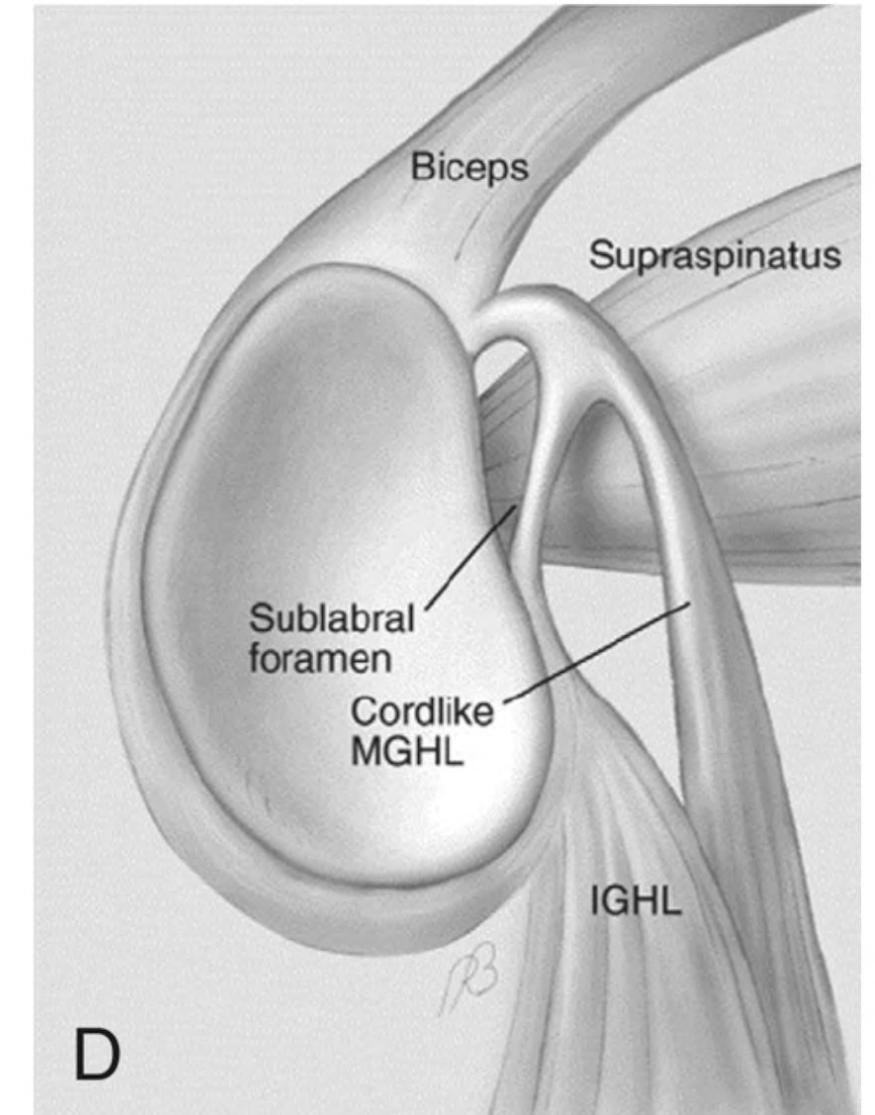
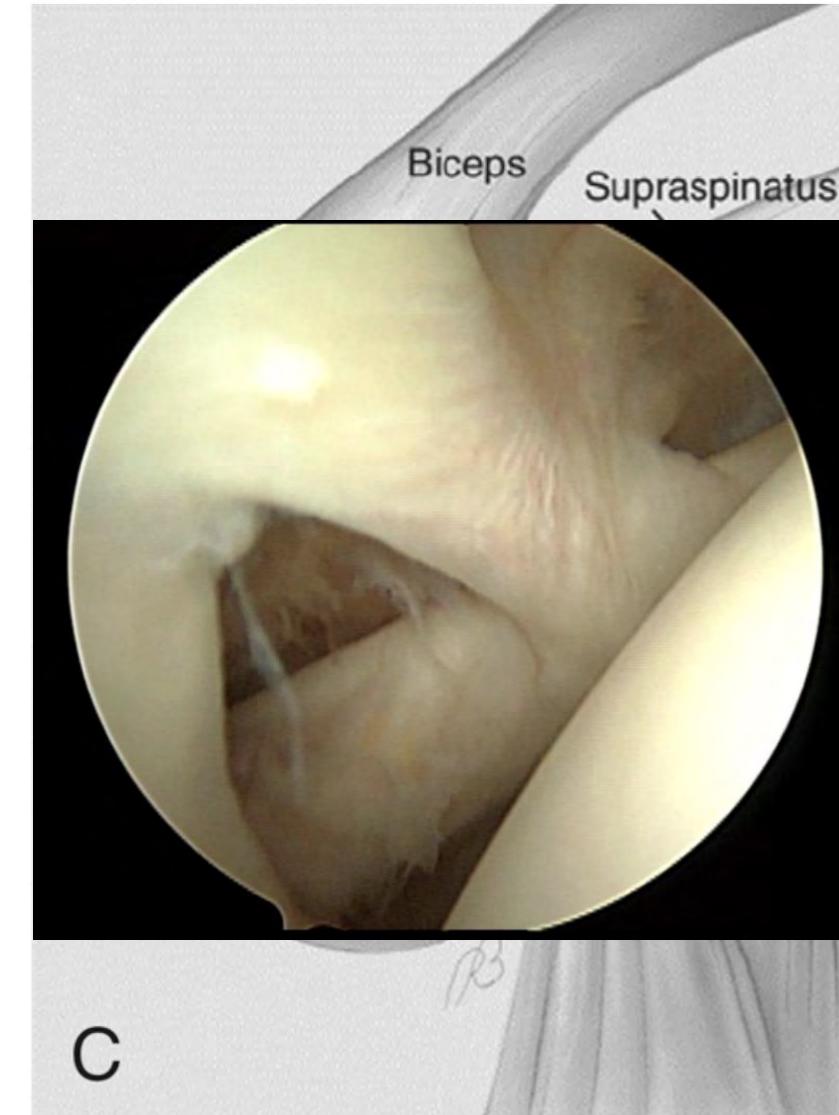
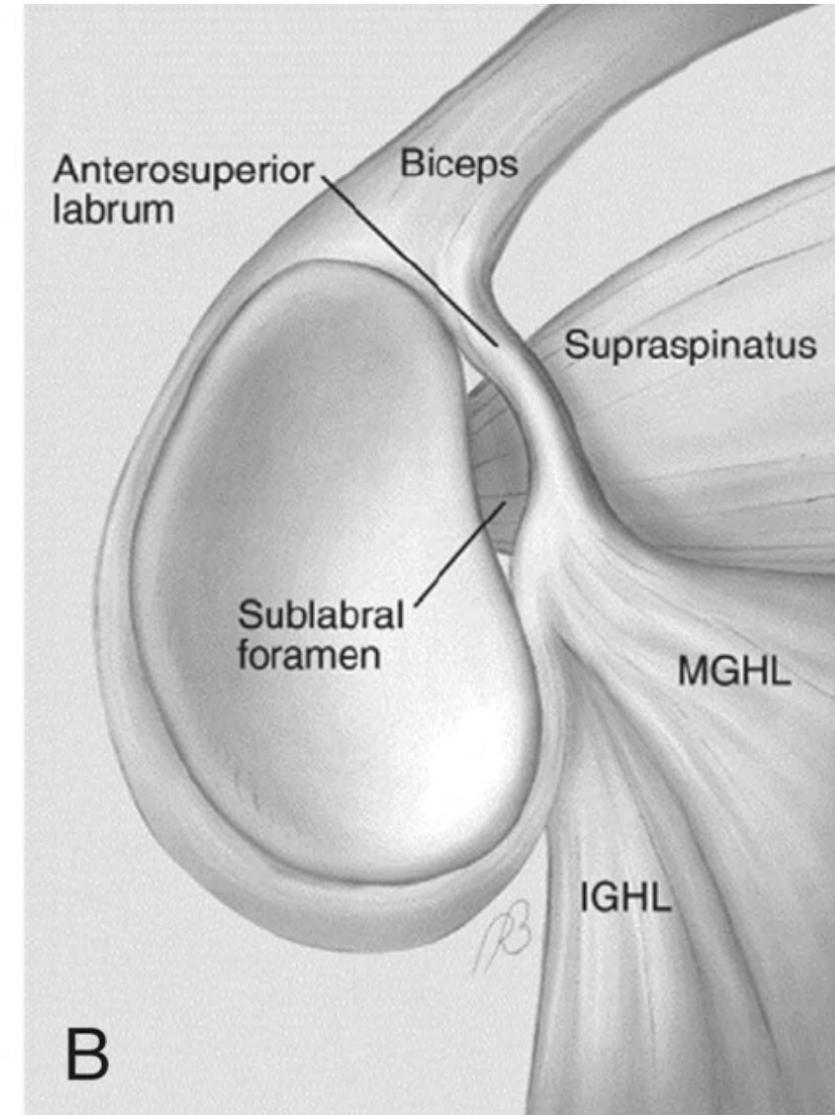
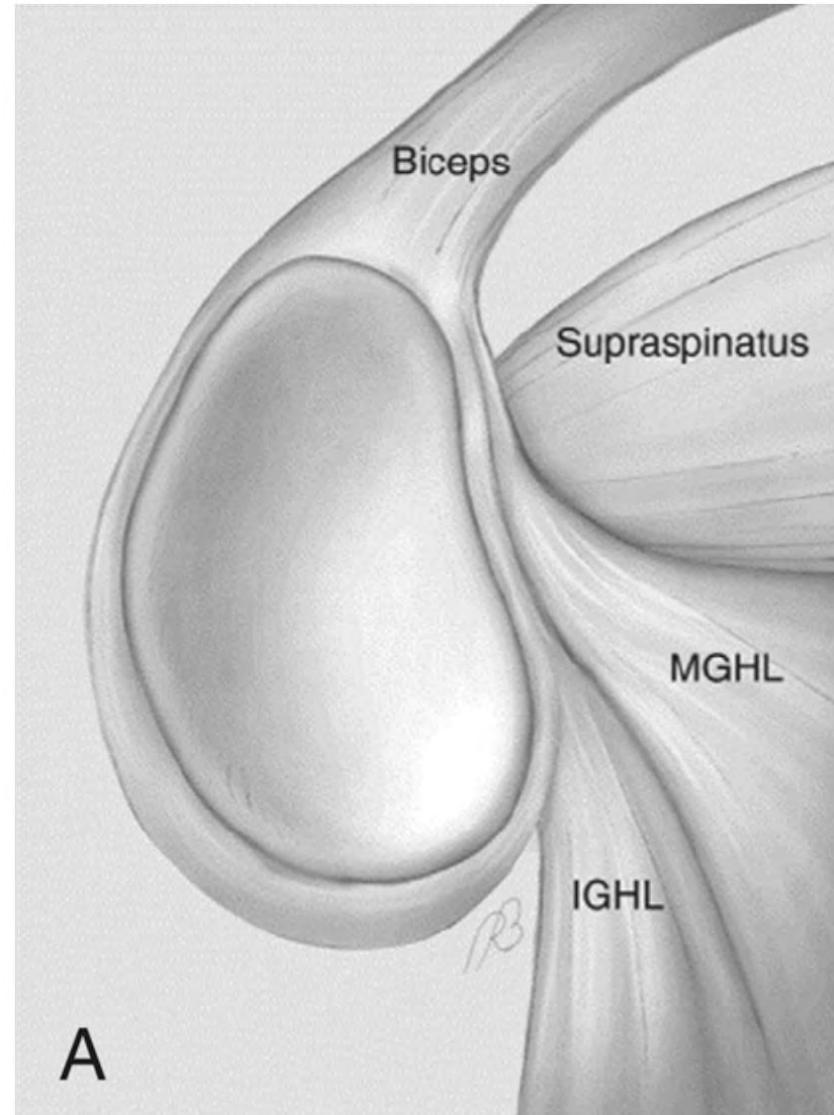


# Glenohumeralgelenk

## Statische Stabilisatoren



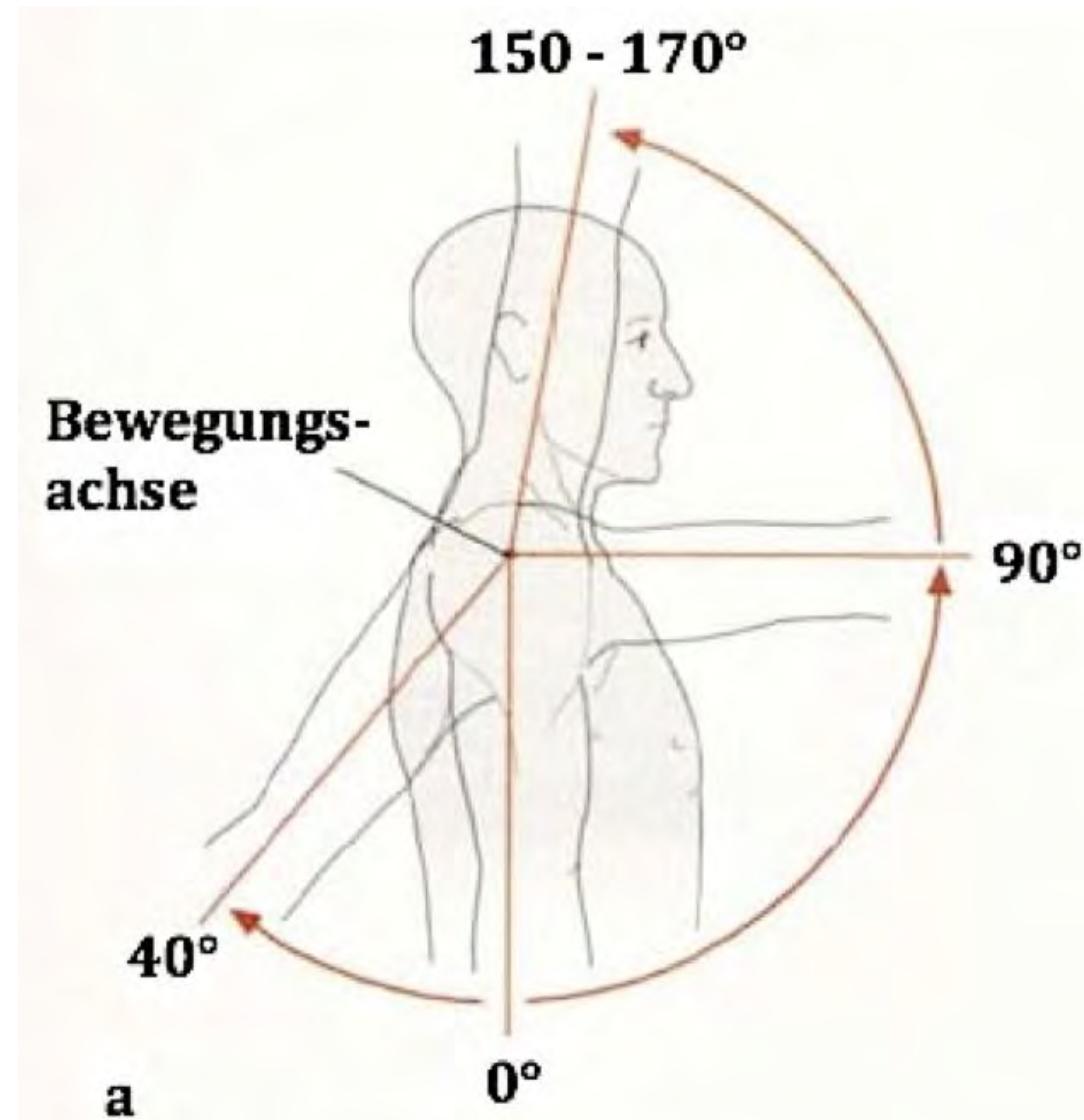
### Labrum



Buford complex

# Glenohumeralgelenk

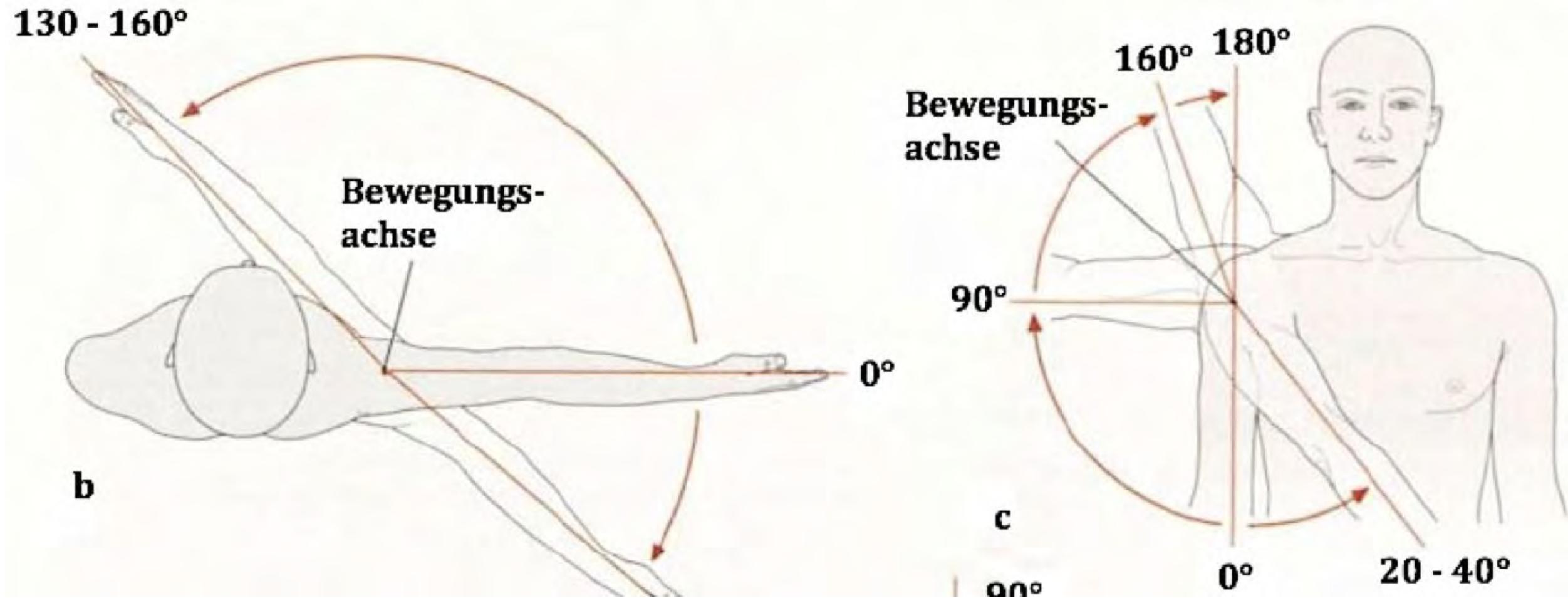
## Bewegungsumfang



Anteversion (Flexion)	Retroversion (Extension)
M. deltoideus (Pars clavicularis)	M. latissimus dorsi
M. biceps brachii	M. teres major
M. pectoralis major (Pars clavicularis und Pars sternocostalis)	M. triceps brachii (Caput longum)
M. coracobrachialis	M. deltoideus (Pars spinalis)

# Glenohumeralgelenk

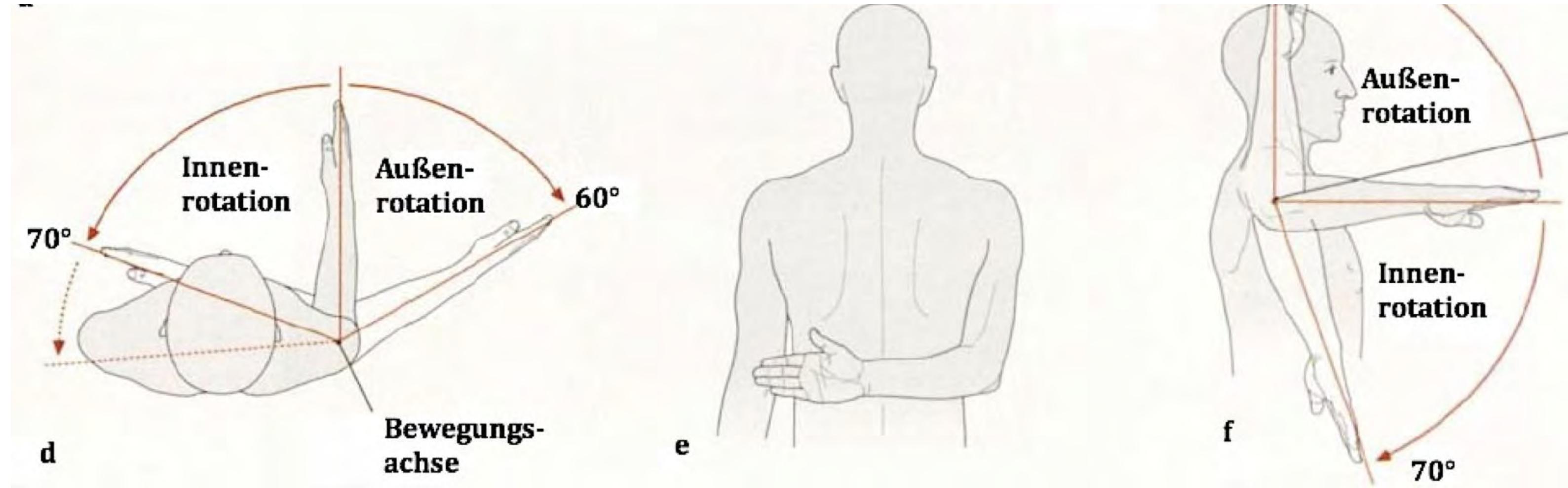
## Bewegungsumfang



Adduktion	Abduktion
M. pectoralis major M. latissimus dorsi M. triceps brachii (Caput longum) M. teres major M. deltoideus (Pars clavicularis und Pars spinalis) M. biceps brachii (Caput breve) M. coracobrachialis	M. deltoideus (Pars acromialis, ab $60^\circ$ der gesamte Muskel) M. supraspinatus M. biceps (Caput longum)

# Glenohumeralgelenk

## Bewegungsumfang



Innenrotation
M. subscapularis
M. pectoralis major
M. biceps brachii (Caput longum)
M. deltoideus (Pars clavicularis)
M. teres major
M. latissimus dorsi

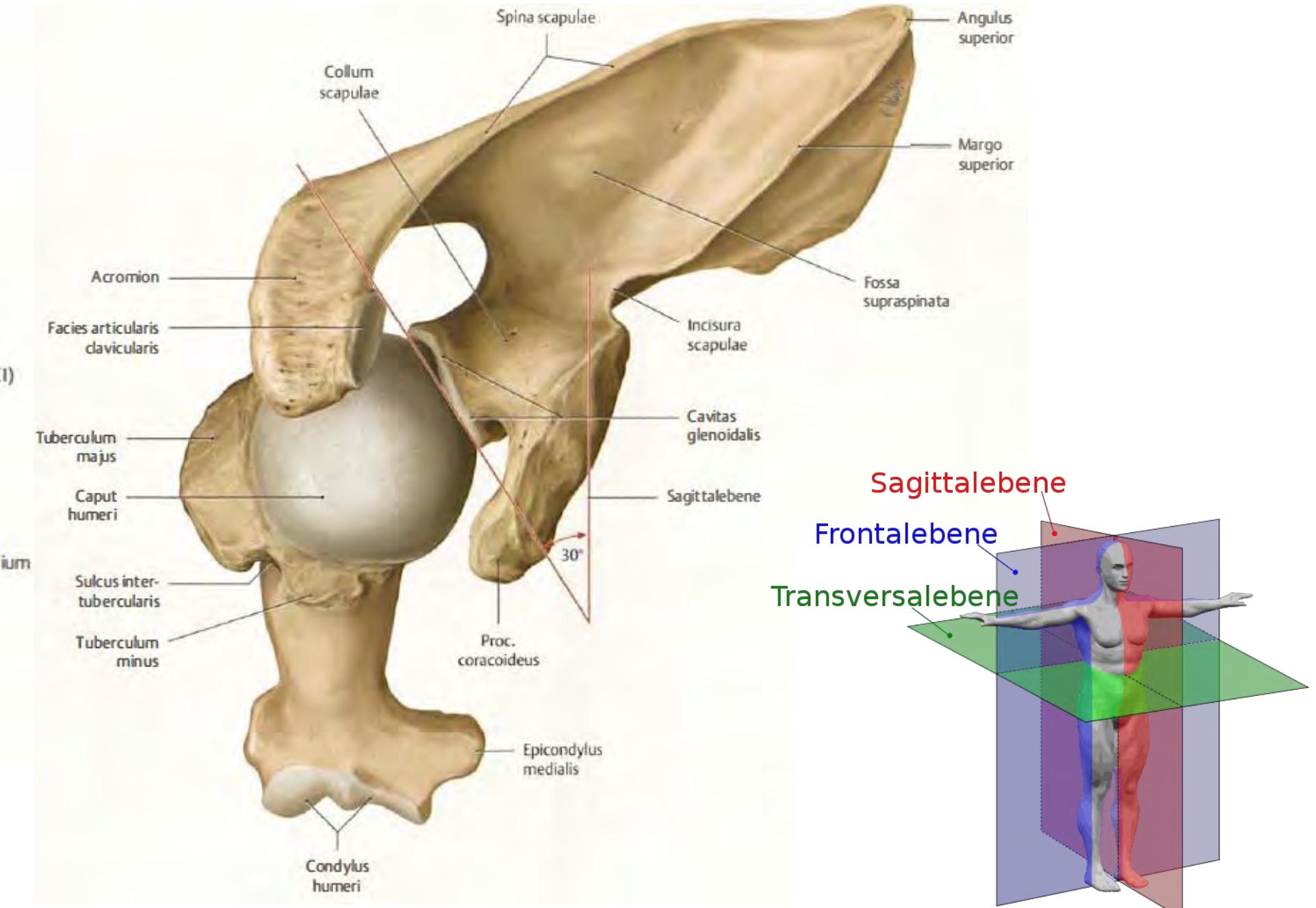
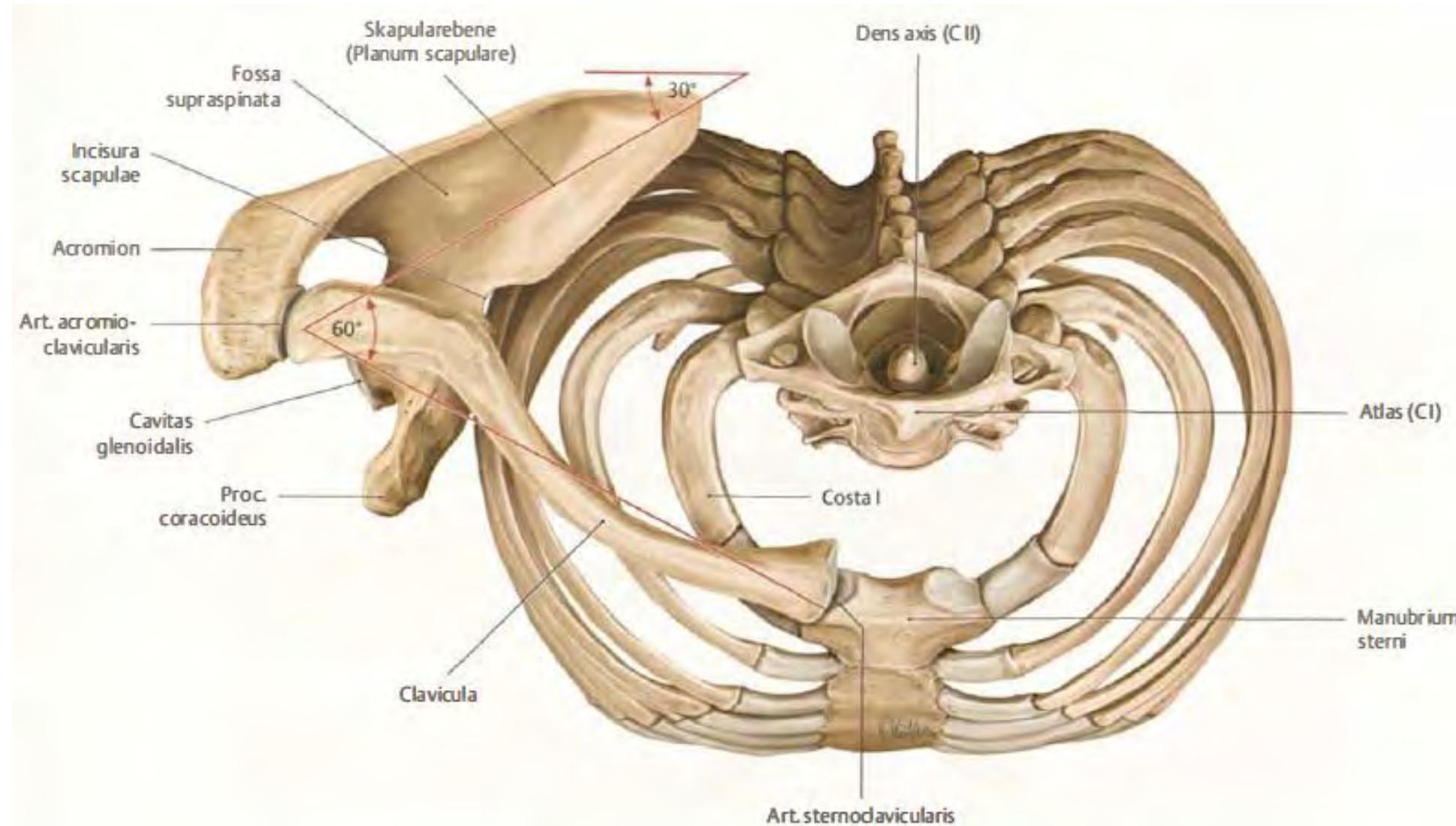
Außenrotation
M. infraspinatus
M. teres minor
M. deltoideus (Pars spinalis)

# Skapula

## Skapulothorakales Gleitlager



### ossäre Anatomie



# Skapula

## Skapulothorakales Gleitlager

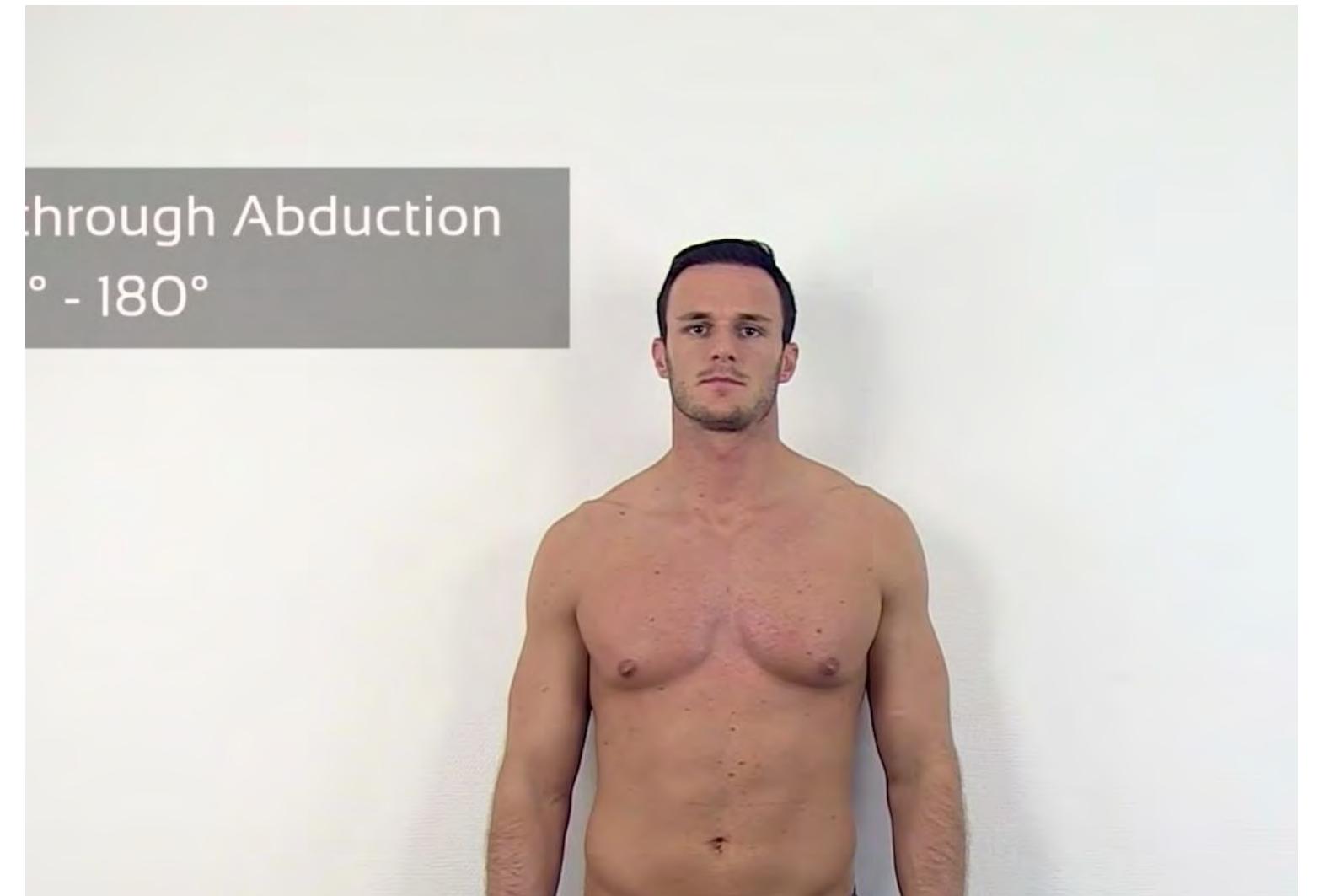
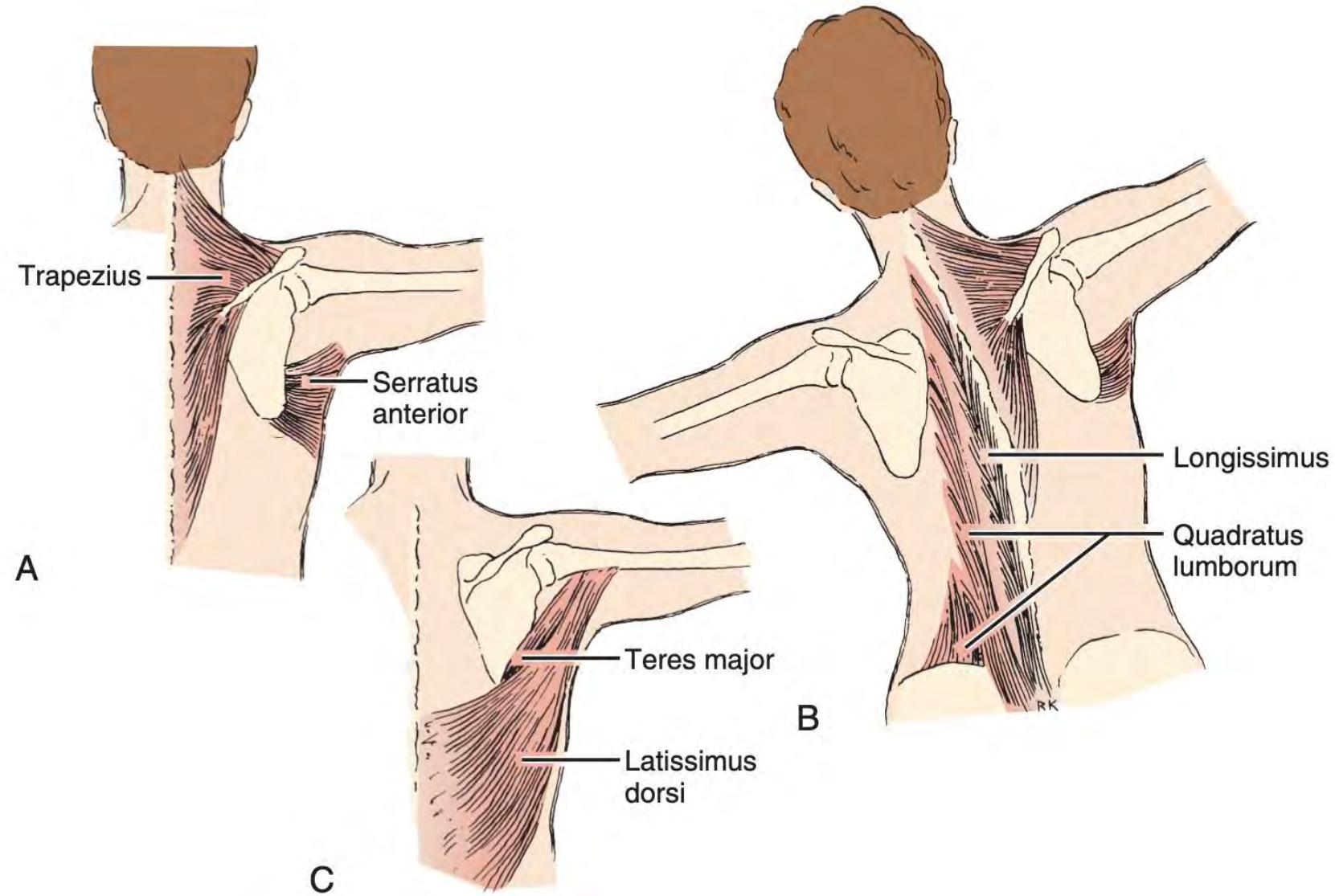


### Aufwärtsrotation

- M. trapezius pars ascendens/descendens, M. serratus anterior pars inferior

### Abwärtsrotation

- Mm. rhomboidei, M. serratus anterior pars superior, M. pectoralis minor, M. levator scapulae

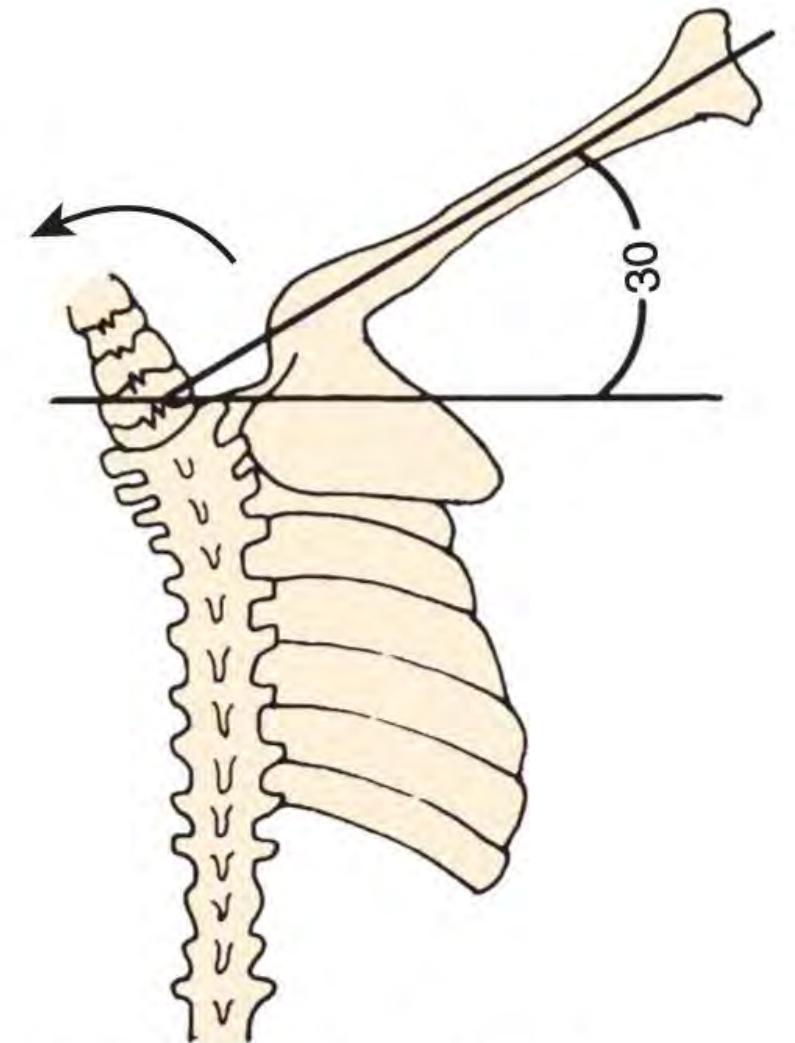
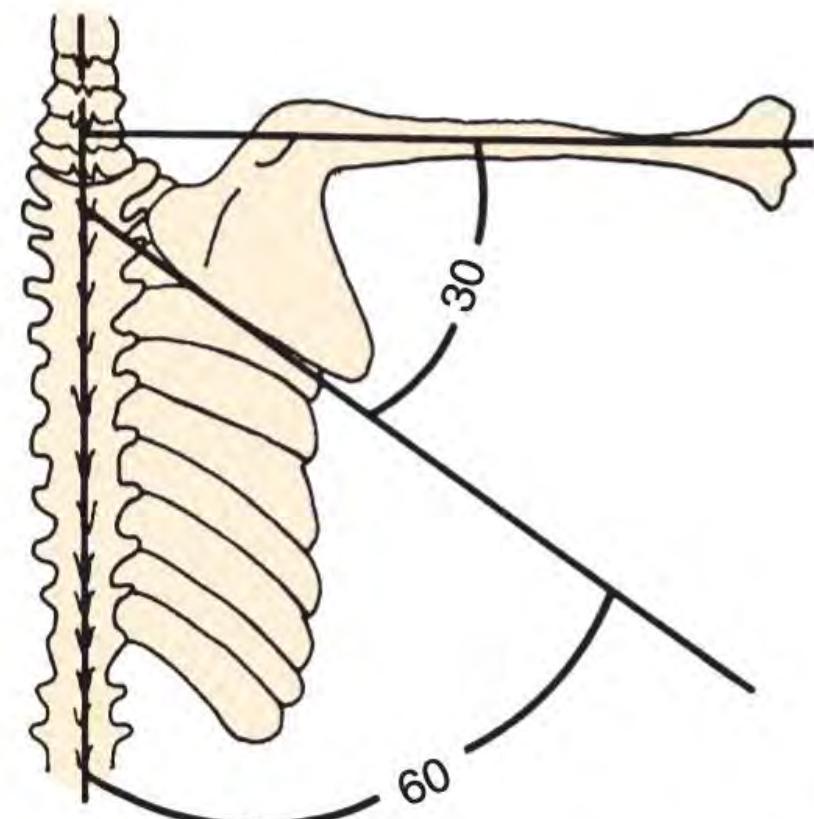
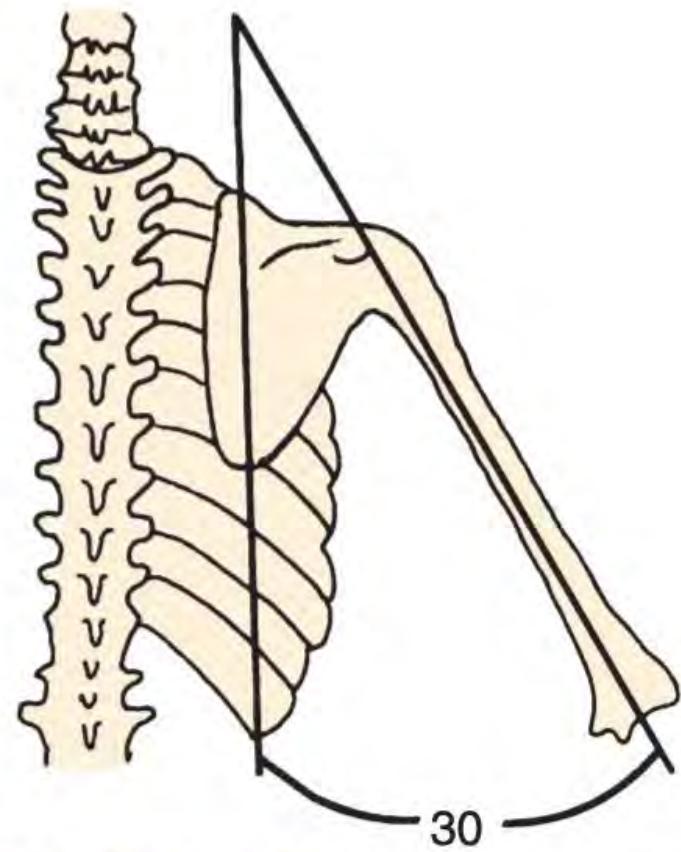


# Skapula

## Skapulothorakales Gleitlager



Arthrodesis



**FIGURE 6-24** Arthrodesis of the glenohumeral joint in the optimal position (*left*) allows arm elevation to and above the horizontal by scapulothoracic motion (*center*) as well as by tilting the trunk (*right*).